

A wide-angle photograph of a mountain range with significant snow cover. The peaks are jagged and partially obscured by clouds. The foreground shows a valley with patches of snow and some sparse vegetation.

Shrinking snowpacks and microbial phenology: Exposing knowledge gaps under the snow

Will Wieder

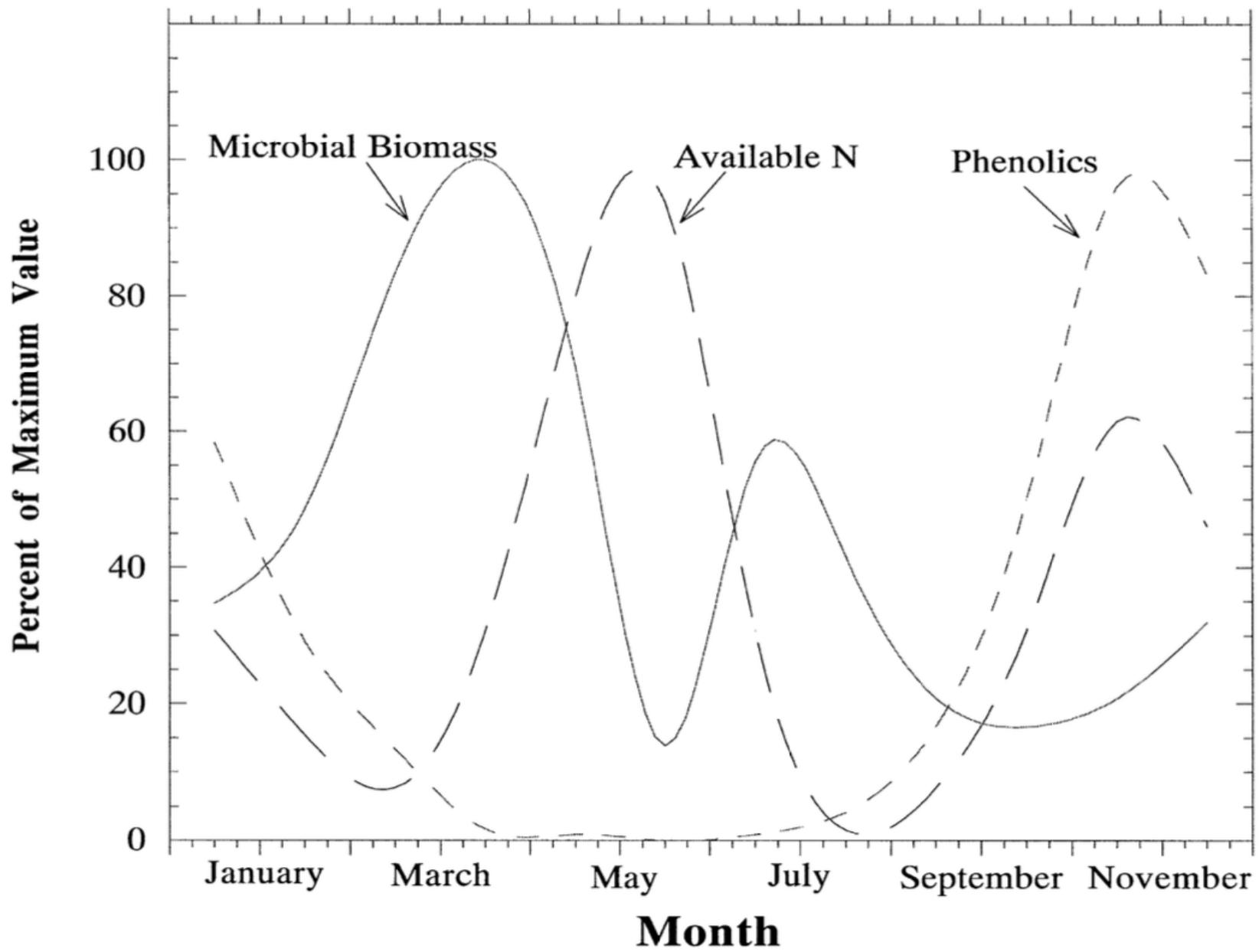
Austin Simonpietri, Genevieve Blumencweijg, Bruce A Hungate, Mariah S. Carbone, Hannah Holland-Moritz, Caitlin Hicks Pries, Stuart Grandy, Jessica Gilman Ernakovich, Shuyue Li, Emily Bonnell Graham, Laurel Lynch, Michael Strickland, Tara W Hudiburg





This material is based upon work supported by the National Center for Atmospheric Research, which is a major facility sponsored by the National Science Foundation under Cooperative Agreement No. 1852977.

Images from chronolog



East River Valley & Gothic Mountain

Rocky Mountain Biological Lab, CO



**Mariah
Carbone**



**Austin
Simonpietri**



**Genevieve
Blumencweij**

Phenocam Images: Snodgrass Mt (Rocky Mountain Biological Lab, Gothic CO)



May 6

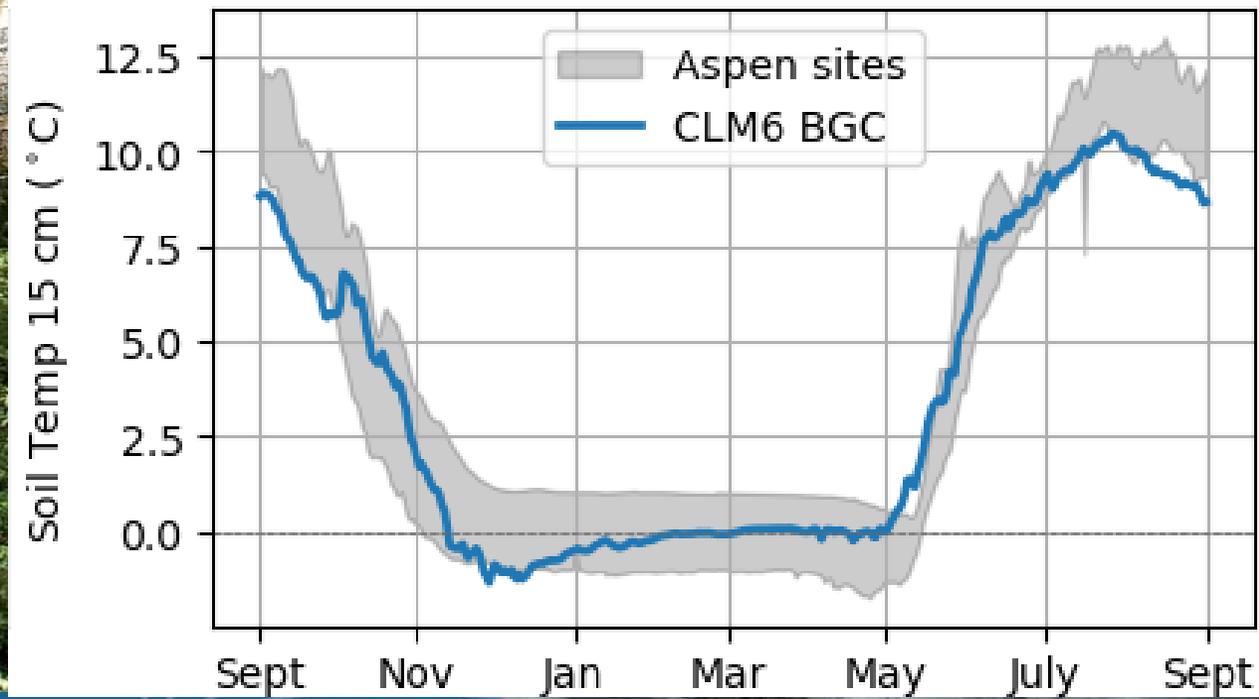
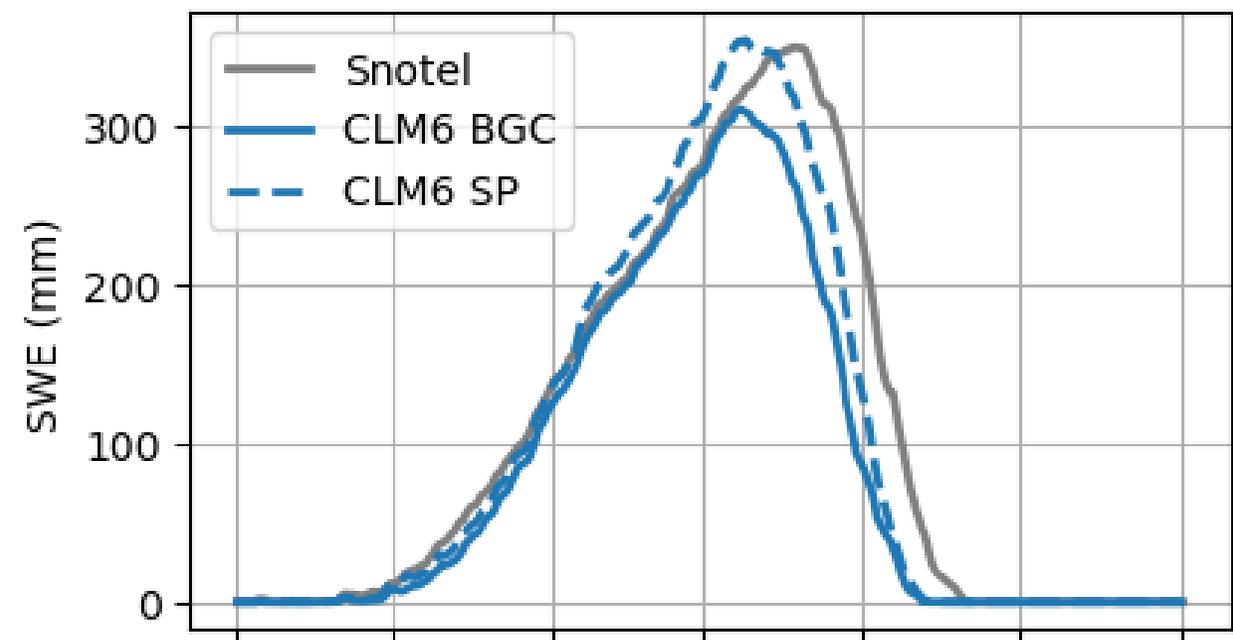


June 15



Nov 1

Biophysical model adequacy? 👍



MIMICS

CLM

Substrate
Quality

+

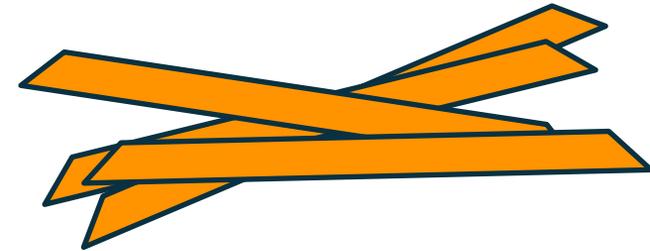
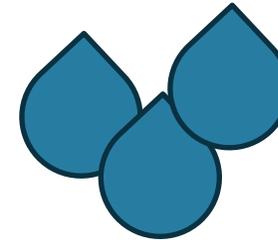
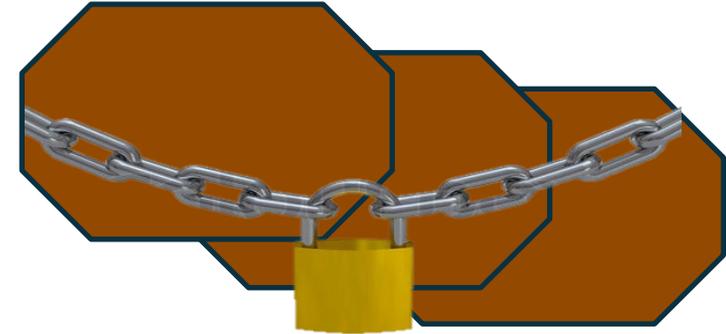
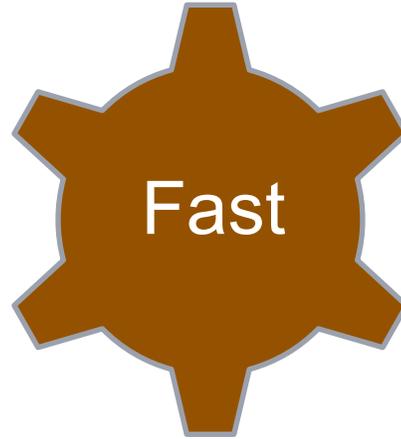
Microbial
Explicit

+

Mineral
protection

→

Globally



Wieder et al. 2014,
Wieder et al. 2015
Kyker-Snowman 2020
Wieder et al. 2024

MIMICS

CLM

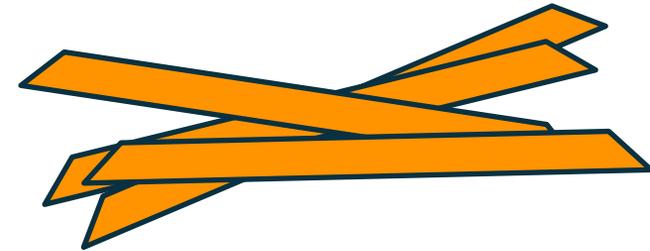
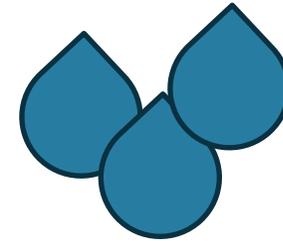
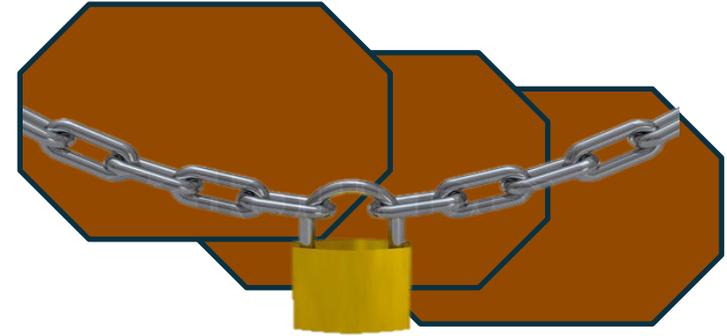
Substrate
Quality

+

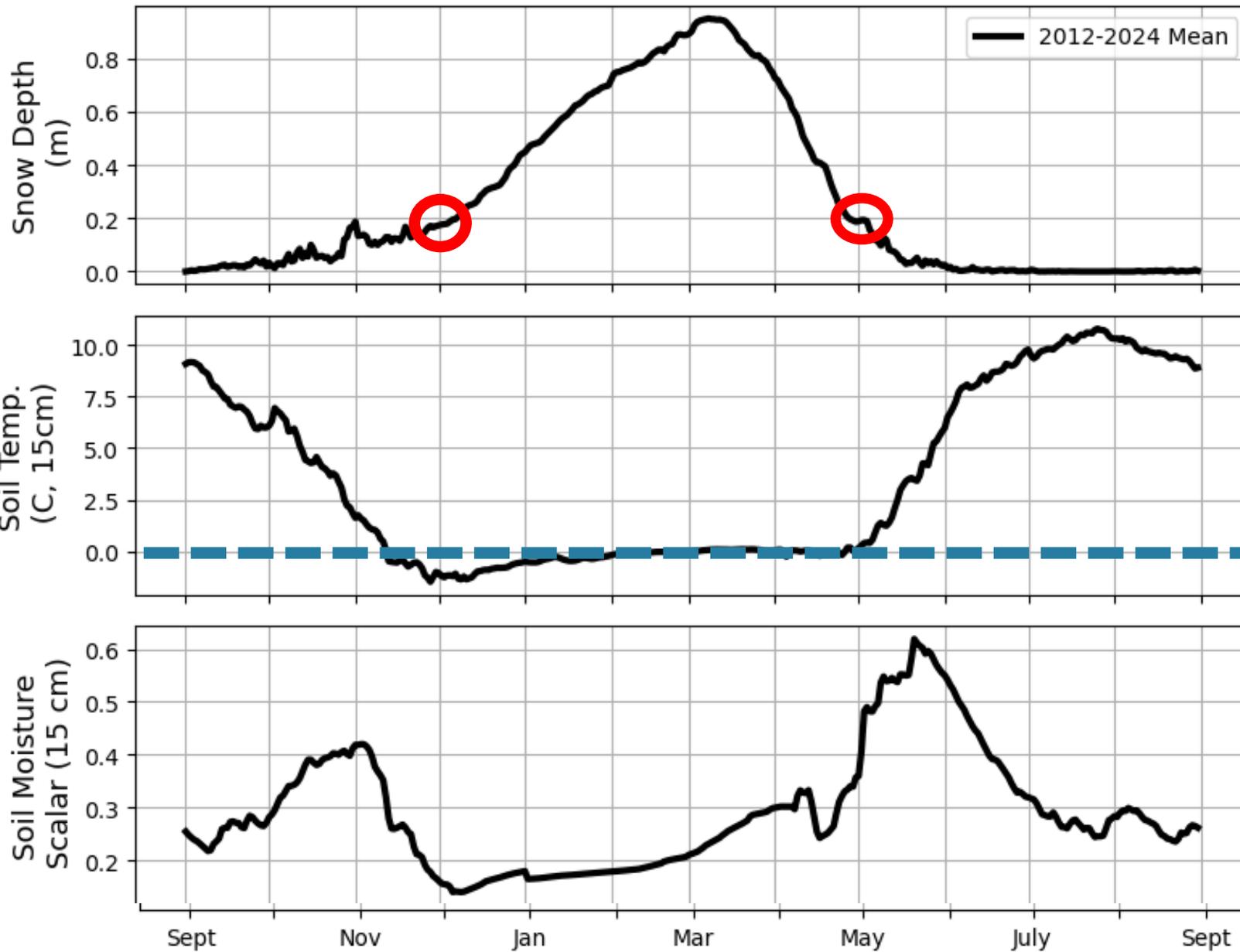
Microbial
Explicit

+

Mineral
protection



Wieder et al. 2014,
Wieder et al. 2015
Kyker-Snowman 2020
Wieder et al. 2024



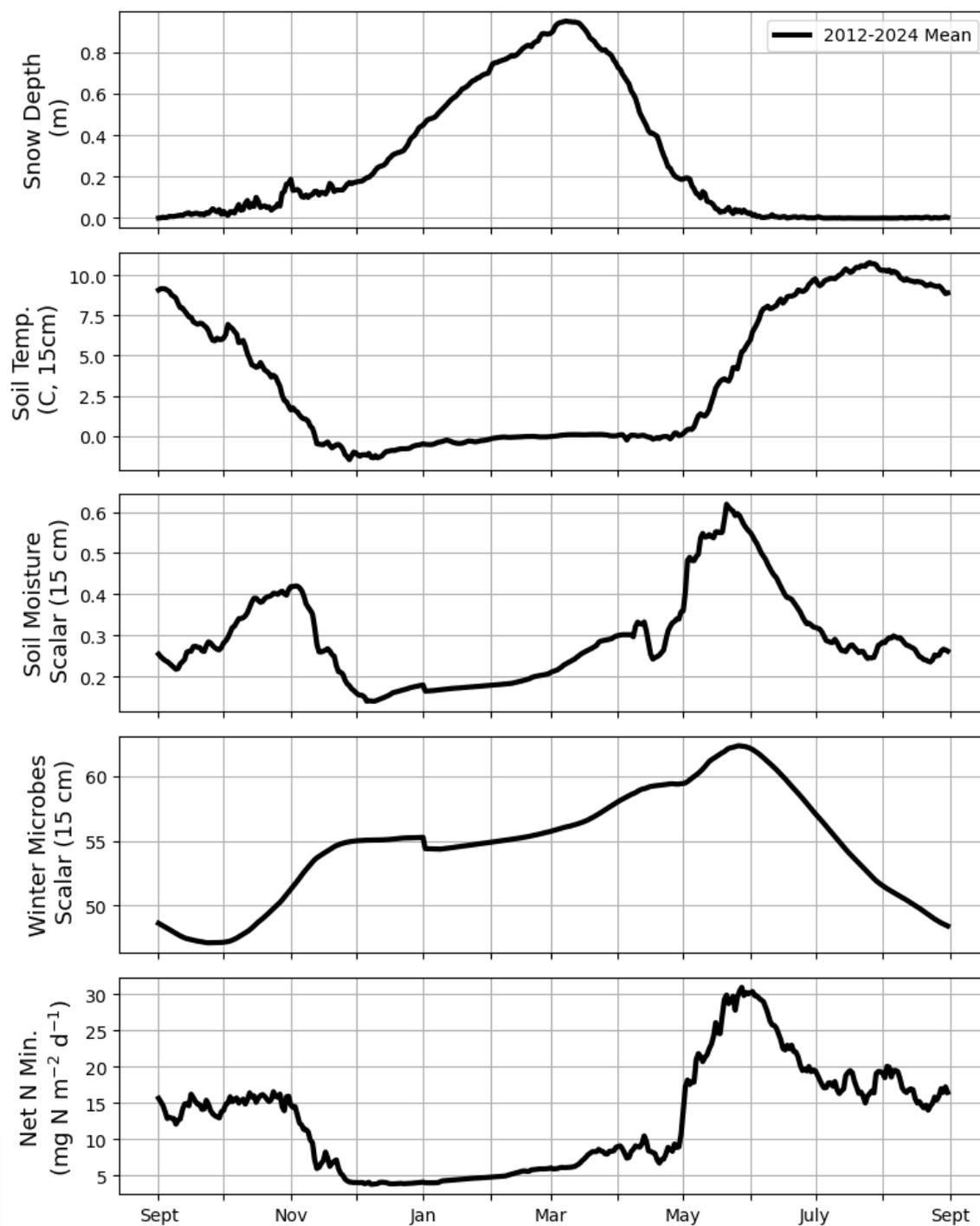
Mean Water years 2012-2024

- Snow covered ~ Dec-May

- Soils can freeze in Dec,
- Not frozen much of winter

- *Liquid* water availability
controls microbial activity

Mean 2012-2024



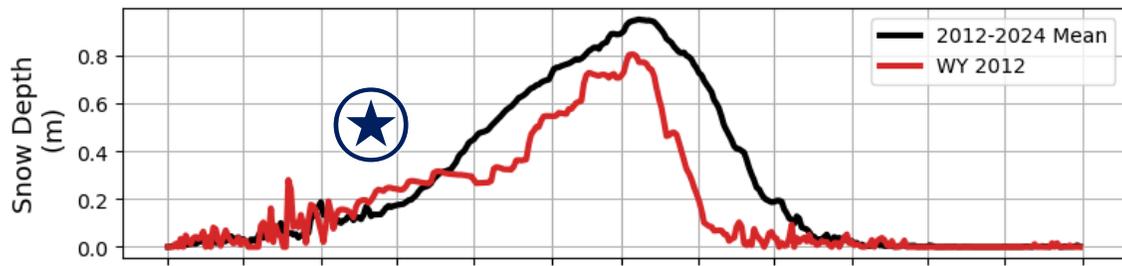
- Snow covered ~ Dec-May

- Soils can freeze in Dec,
- Not frozen much of winter

- Liquid water availability
controls microbial activity

- “Winter” microbes behave
poorly

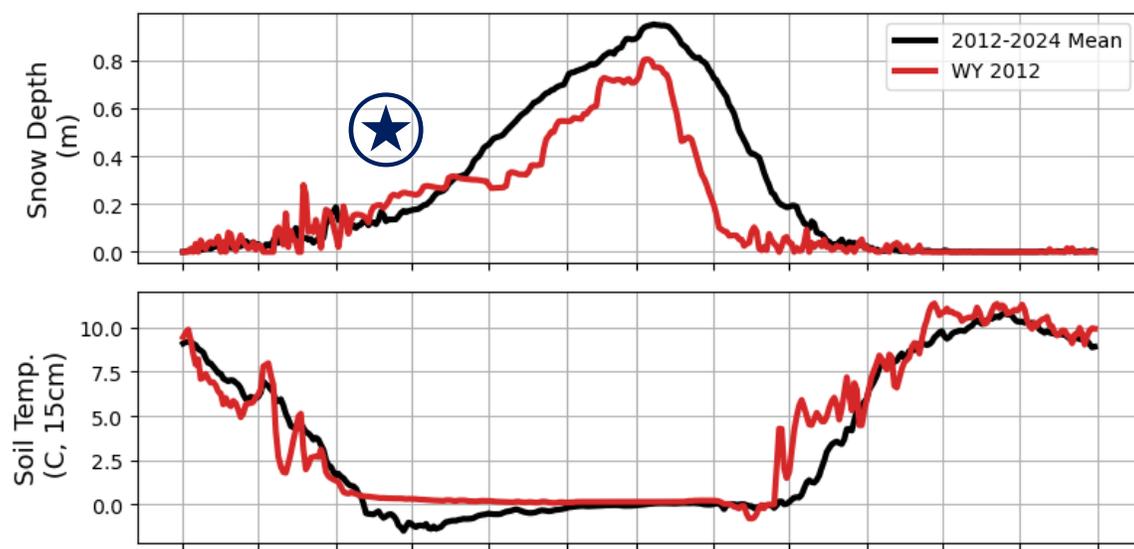
- Low winter N min, but not zero



Water Year 2012

- Above average Dec snow & Early melt

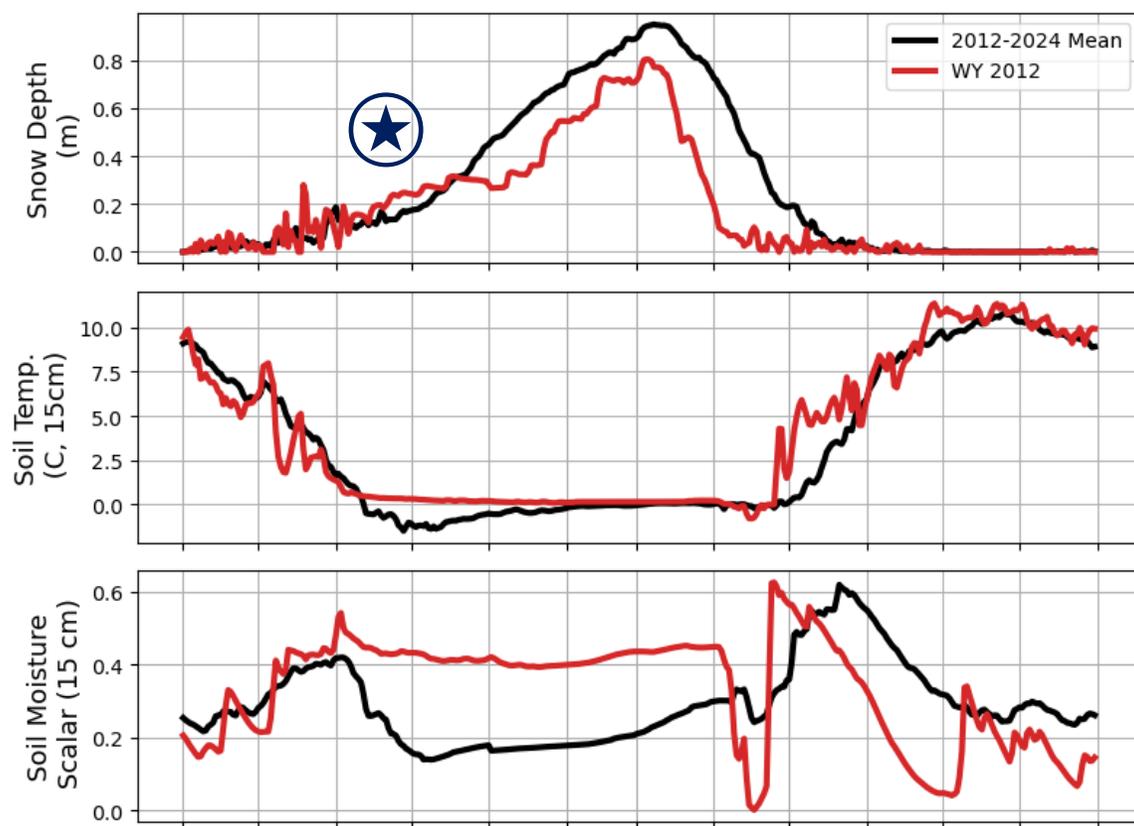




Water Year 2012

- Above average Dec snow & Early melt
- Soils [never] freeze

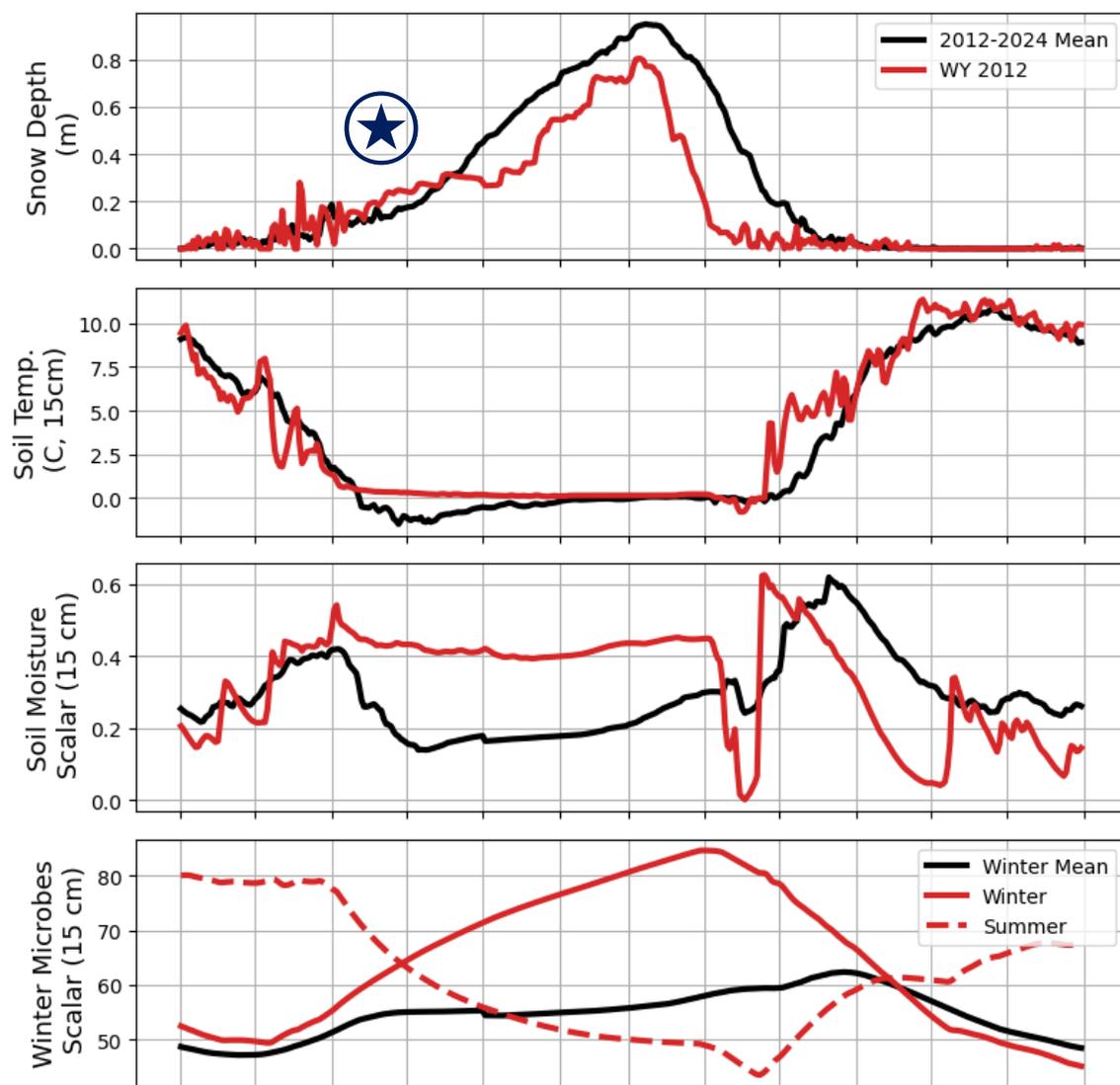




Water Year 2012

- Above average Dec snow & Early melt
- Soils [never] freeze
- High winter liquid water
- Good summer monsoon





Water Year 2012

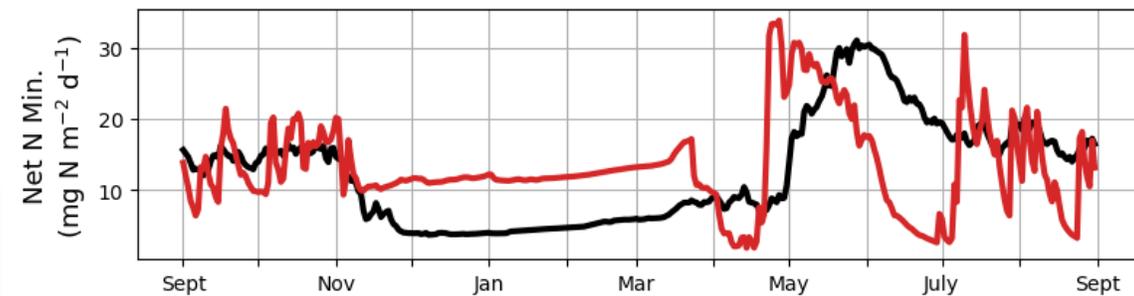
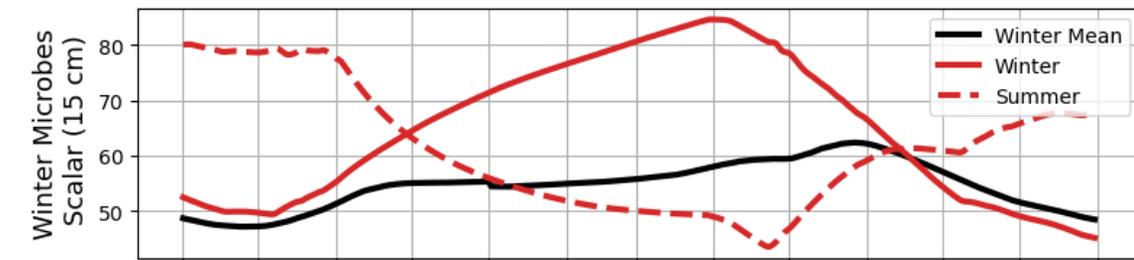
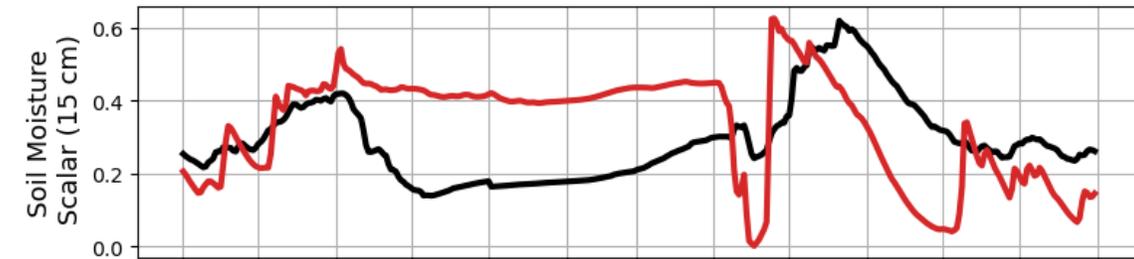
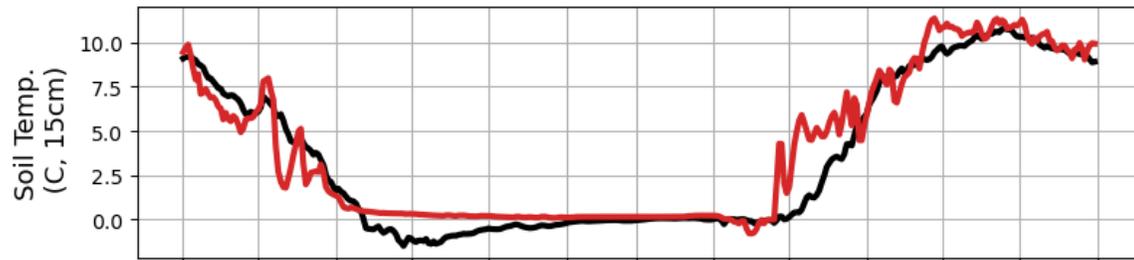
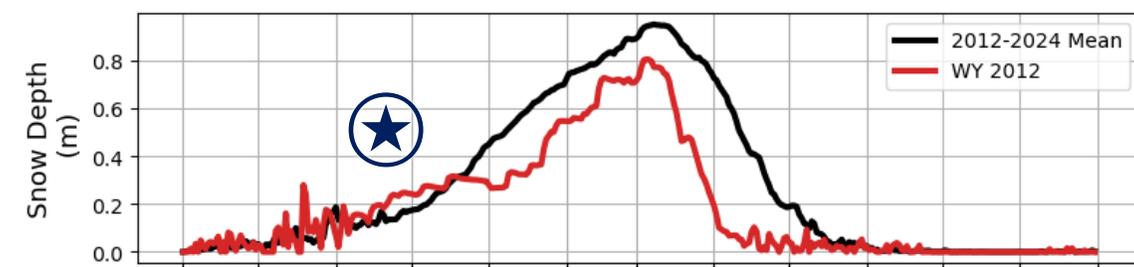
- Above average Dec snow & Early melt

- Soils [never] freeze

- High winter liquid water
- Good summer monsoon

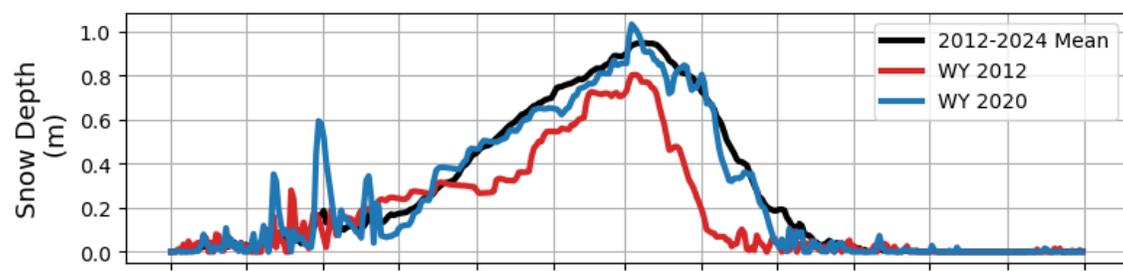
- “Winter” microbes behave





Water Year 2012

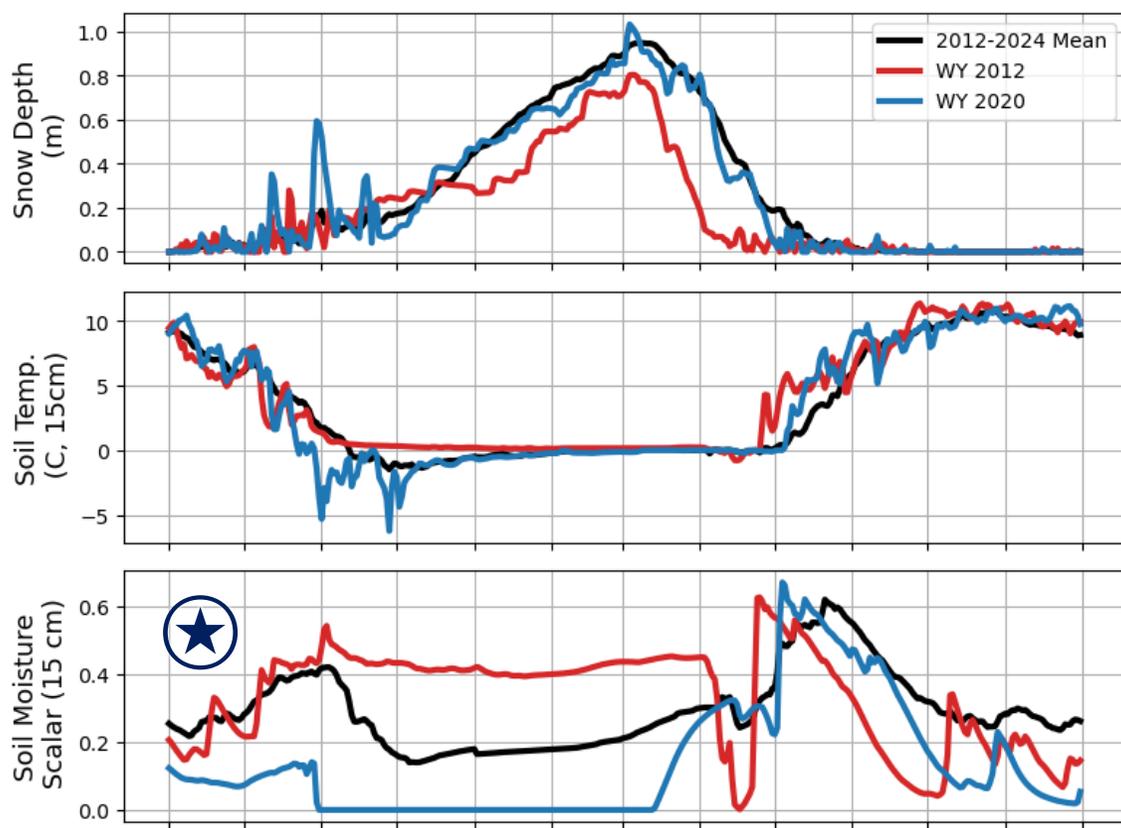
- Above average Dec snow & Early melt
- Soils [never] freeze
- High winter liquid water
- Good summer monsoon
- “Winter” microbes behave
- Higher N-min through winter



Water Year 2020

- Below average Dec & Average snow year

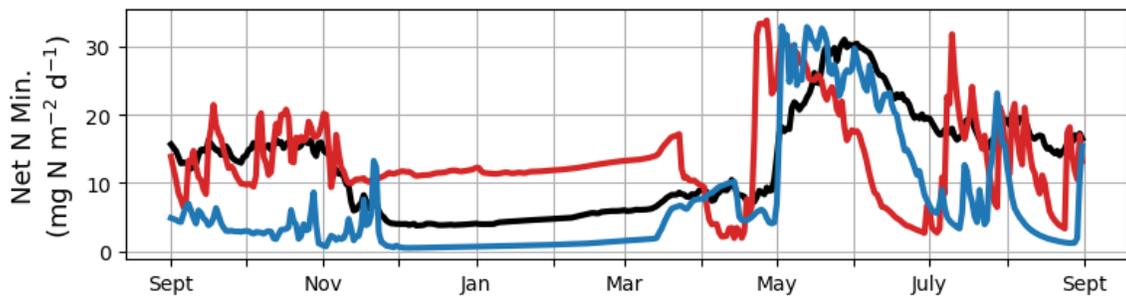
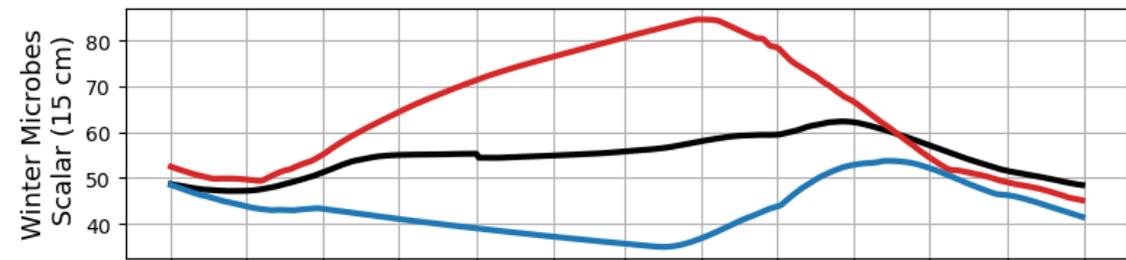
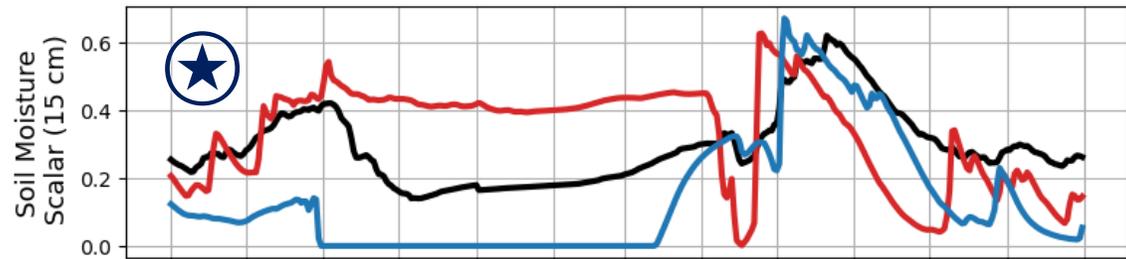
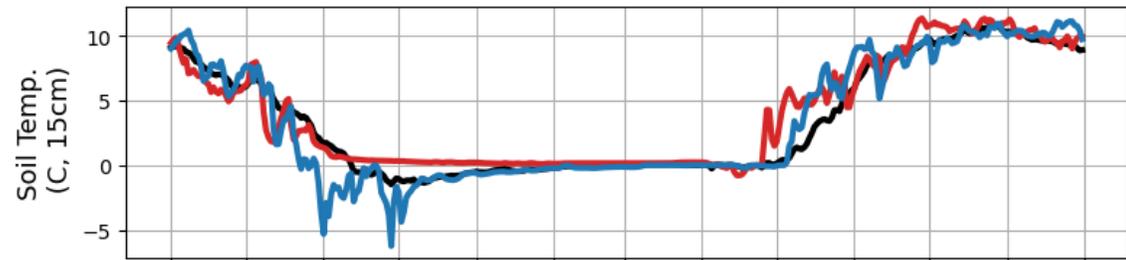
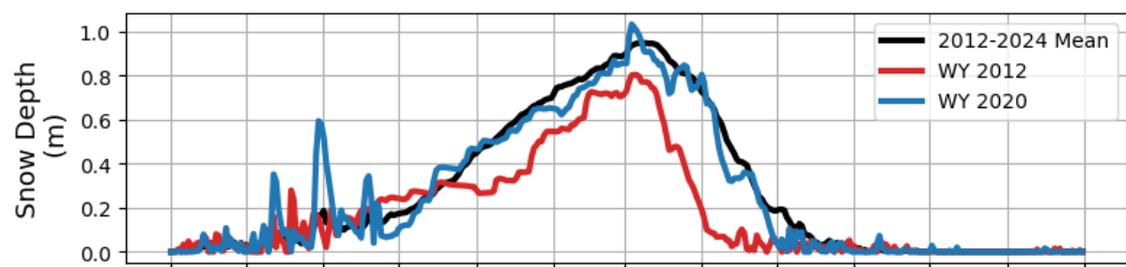




Water Year 2020

- Below average Dec & Average snow year
- Soils freeze early
- Dry fall, soil water freezes & remains ice





Water Year 2020

- Below average Dec & Average snow year

- Soils freeze early

- Dry fall, soil water freezes & remains ice

- “Winter” microbes collapse

- Zero winter N-min

How do we define functional characteristics of microbial communities?

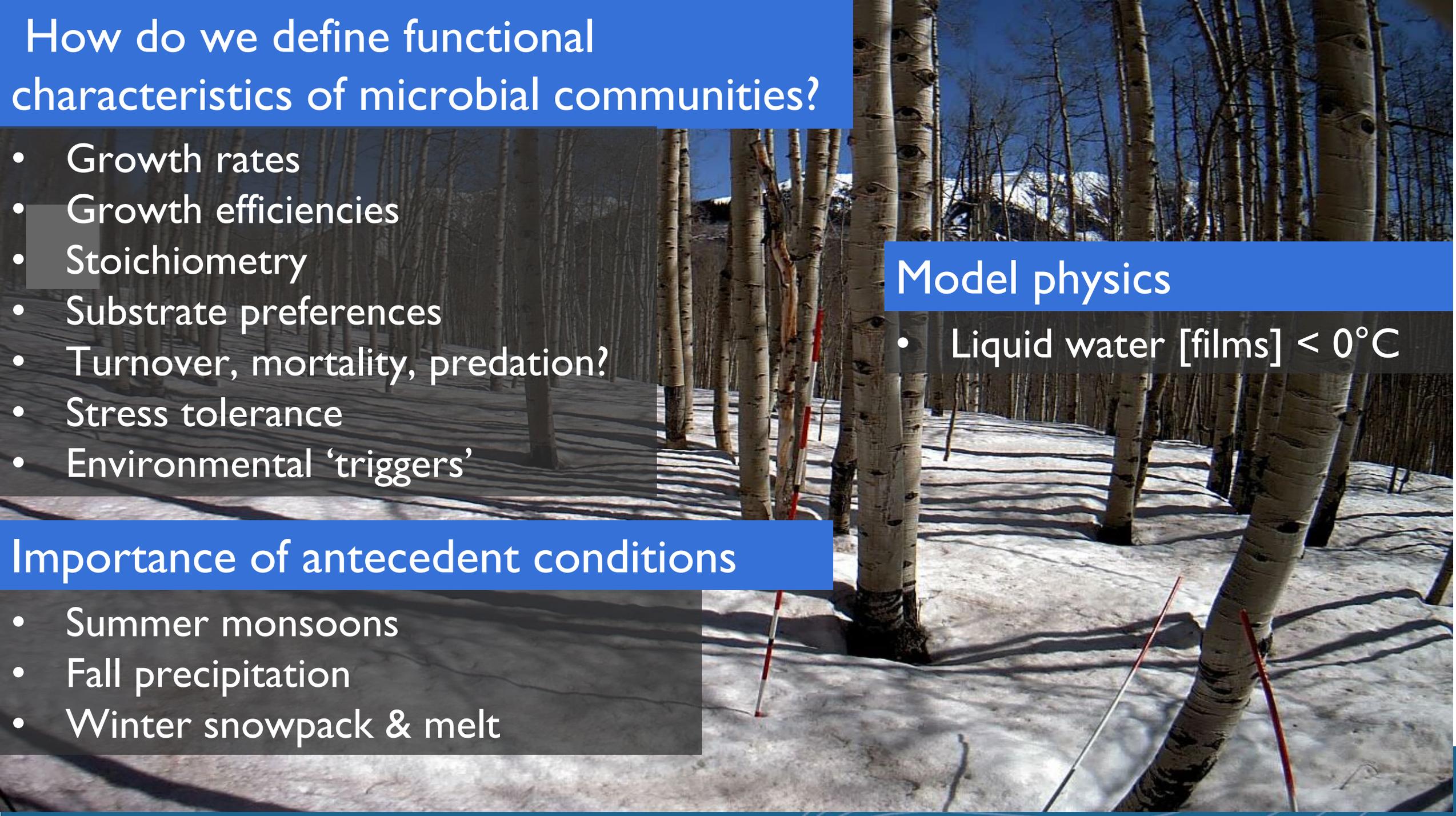
- Growth rates
- Growth efficiencies
- Stoichiometry
- Substrate preferences
- Turnover, mortality, predation?
- Stress tolerance
- Environmental 'triggers'

Model physics

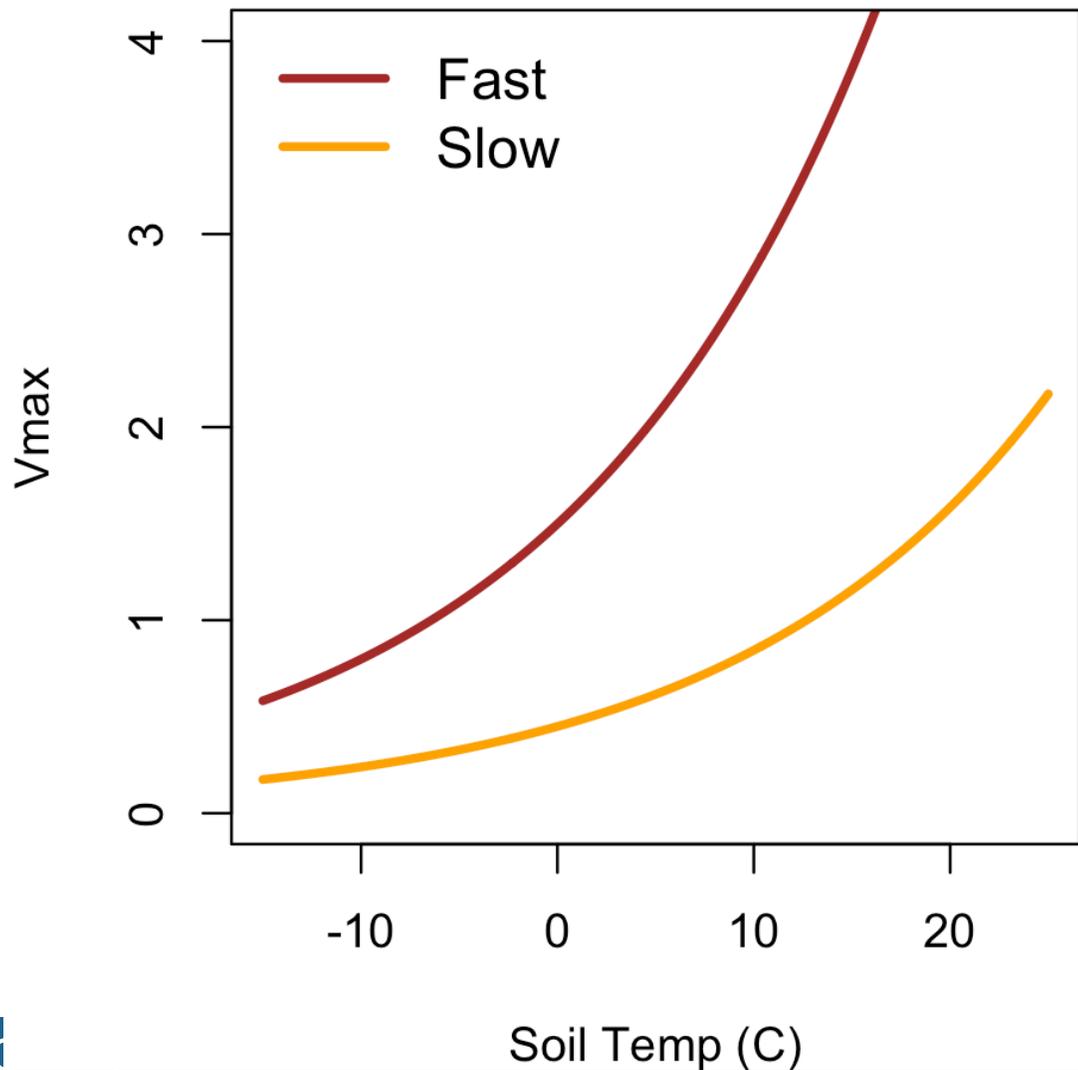
- Liquid water [films] $< 0^{\circ}\text{C}$

Importance of antecedent conditions

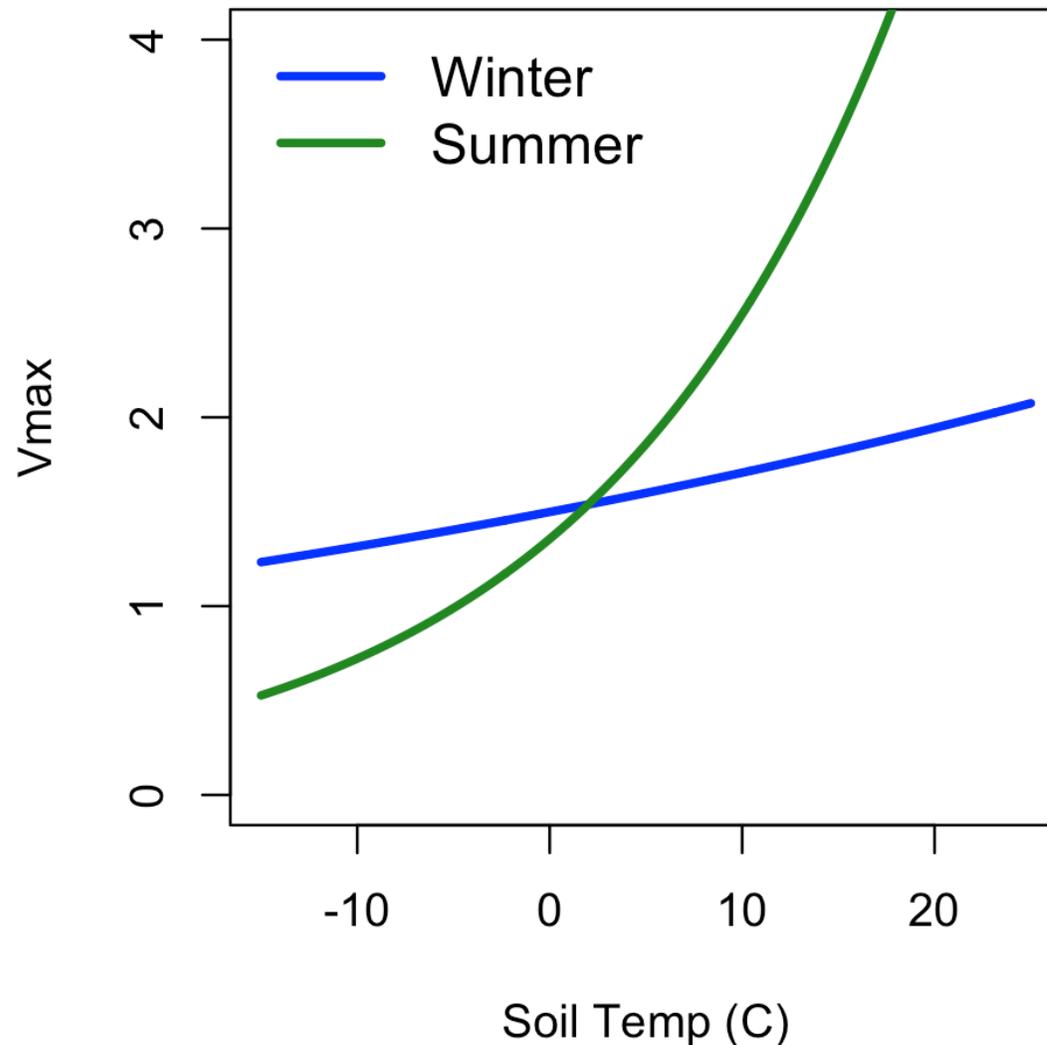
- Summer monsoons
- Fall precipitation
- Winter snowpack & melt



Default



Seasonal



	Default	Seasonal
Kinetics	Community x Substrate	Substrate & Community
CUE	Community x Substrate	Substrate
Turnover	Community	Temperature x Community
Stoichiometry	Community	Community

Default Seasonal

