

Unpacking the potential:

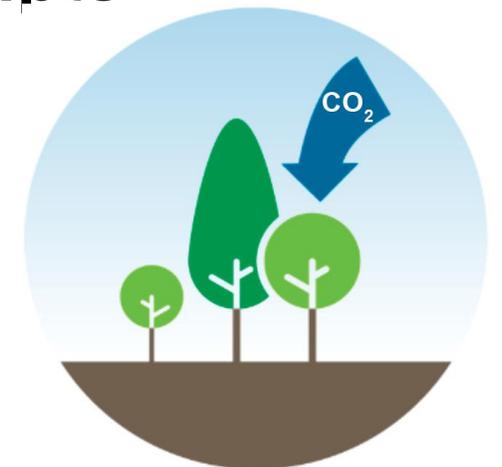
How proposed reforestation scenarios shape global and regional temperature



Nora Fahrenbach, Steven De Hertog,
Felix Jäger, Peter Lawrence, Robb Inglin Wills

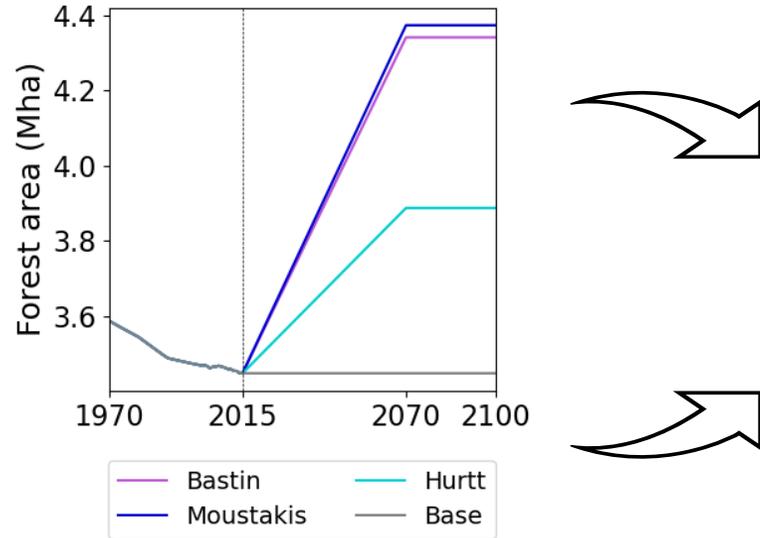
Introduction

- Reforestation as a promising solution for carbon dioxide removal
- Proposed reforestation potential range from 150 to >1000 Mha
- Biogeochemical (BGC) and biogeophysical (BGP) effects of trees
- **No comparison of climate response across multiple reforestation potentials in fully-coupled ESM**



Simulations & Analysis

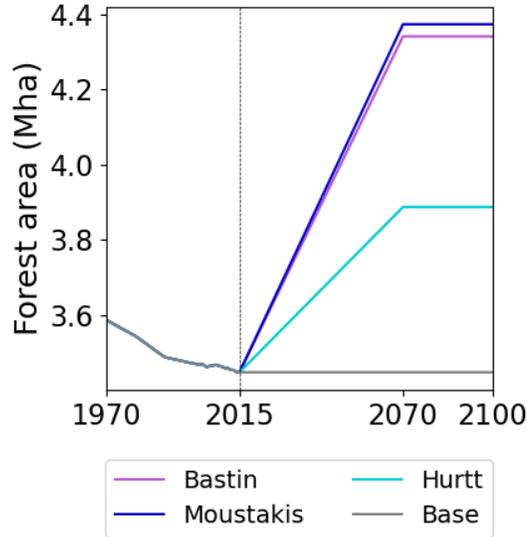
Input data



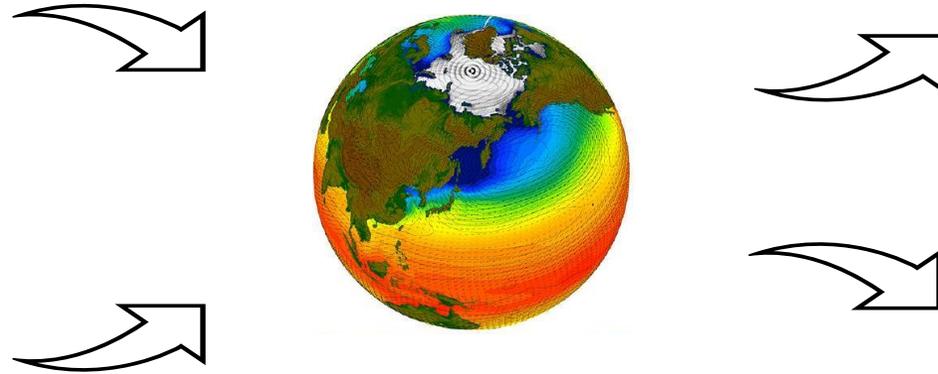
- SSP2-4.5 concentrations
- Baseline: fixed 2015 LC
- 3 reforestation potentials: Bastin, Moustakis, Hurtt

Simulations & Analysis

Input data



Fully-coupled CESM2



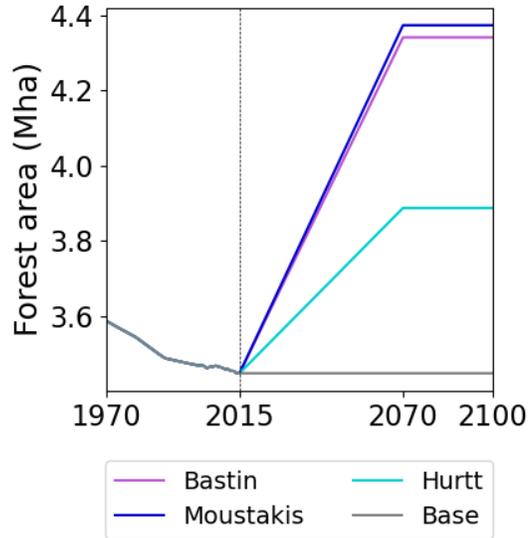
- SSP2-4.5 concentrations
- Baseline: fixed 2015 LC
- 3 reforestation potentials: Bastin, Moustakis, Hurtt

- 5 ensemble members
- BGP simulated
- BGC calculated:

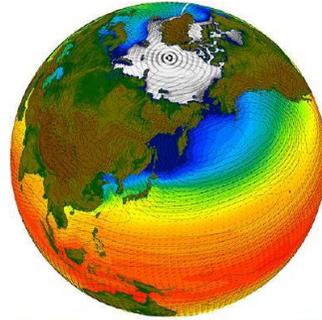
$$\Delta \bar{T}_{BGC} = -TCRE \cdot \bar{c}_{Land}$$

Simulations & Analysis

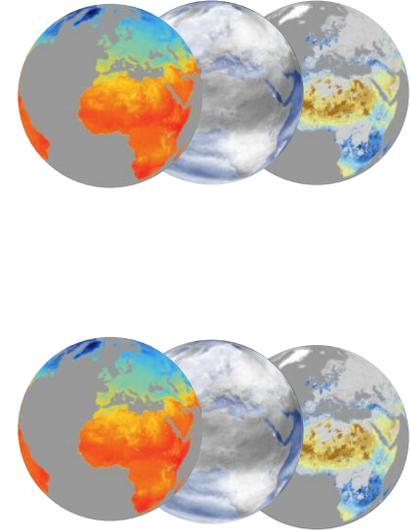
Input data



Fully-coupled CESM2



Research focus

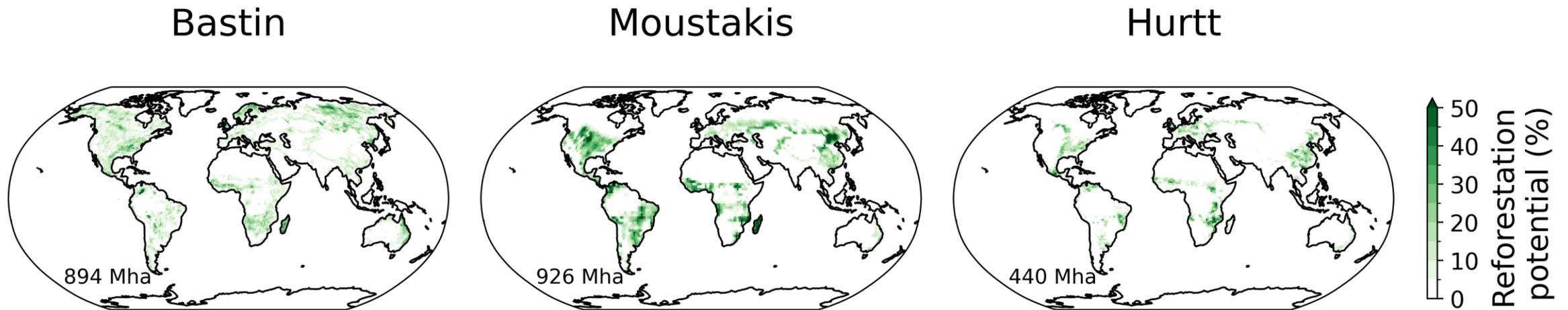


- SSP2-4.5 concentrations
- Baseline: fixed 2015 LC
- 3 reforestation potentials: Bastin, Moustakis, Hurtt

- 5 ensemble members
- BGP simulated
- BGC calculated:
$$\Delta \bar{T}_{BGC} = -TCRE \cdot \bar{c}_{Land}$$

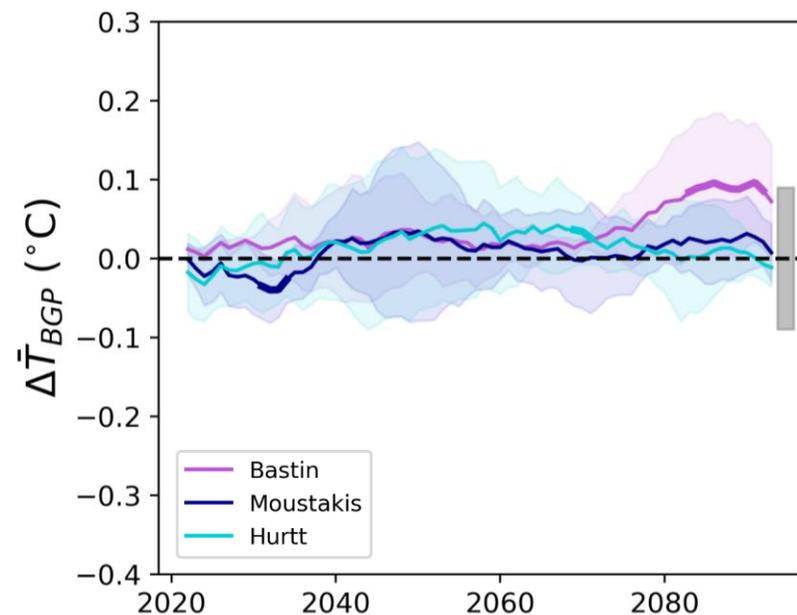
1. Global BGP and BGC temperature changes
2. Regional BGP temperature patterns

Large differences in reforestation potentials

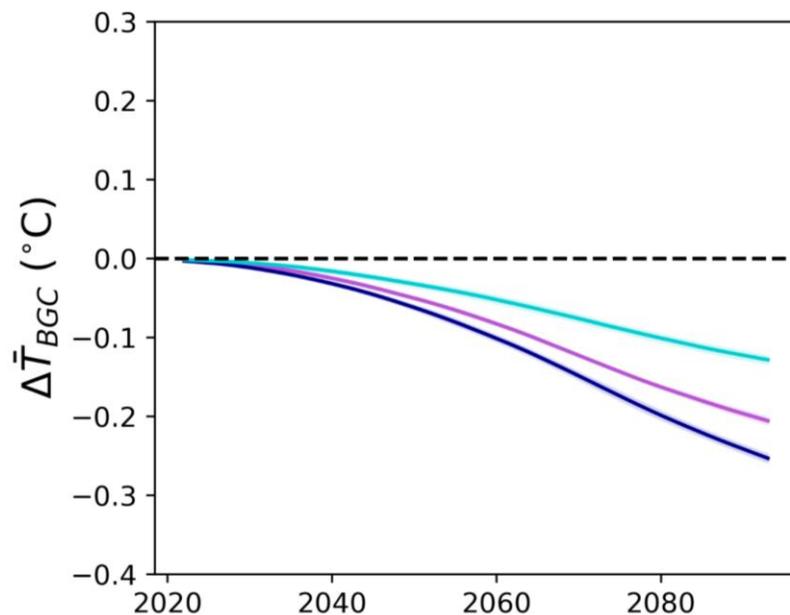


- Similar reforestation placement in e.g., Amazonia, Congo, eastern USA
- Large differences in reforestation in high latitudes & total reforestation area

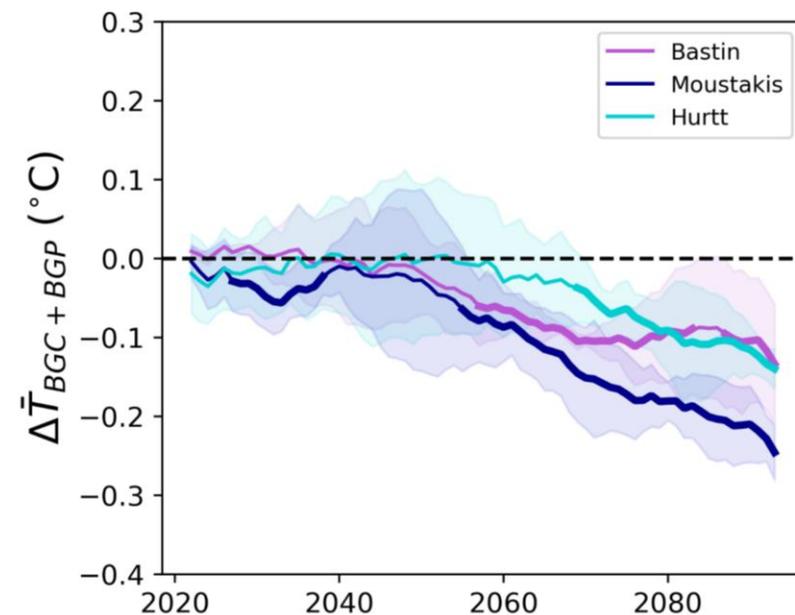
Similar global cooling with less reforestation



Biogeophysical:
BGP warming in Bastin
towards end of century



Biogeochemical:
Global BGC cooling for
all 3 datasets



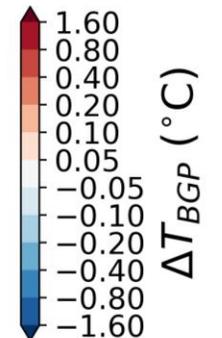
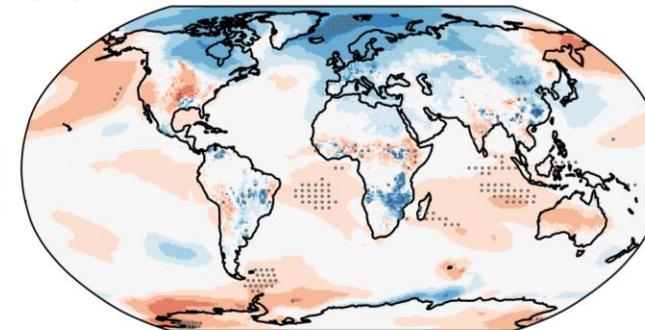
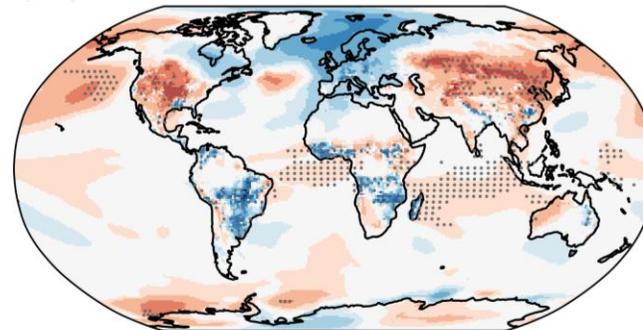
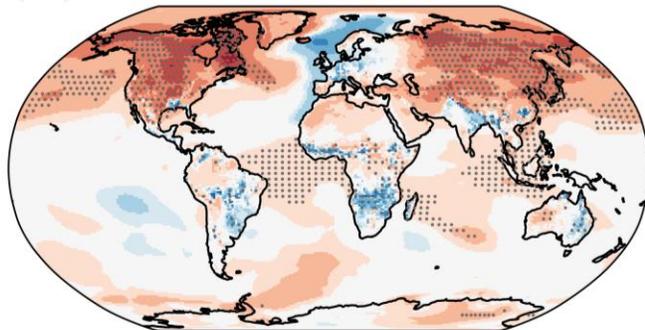
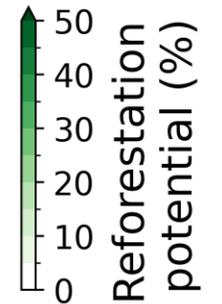
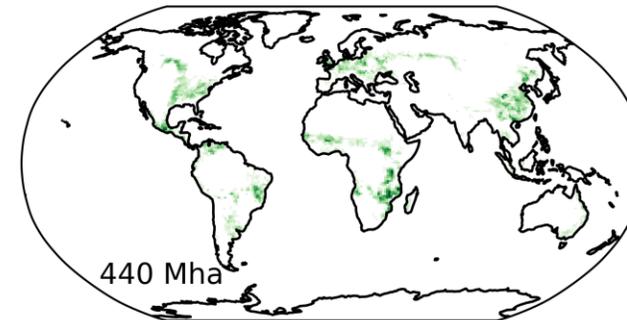
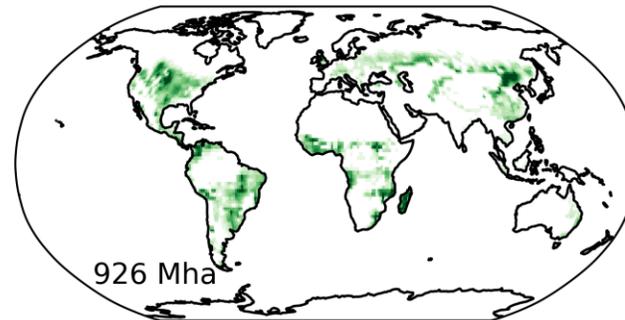
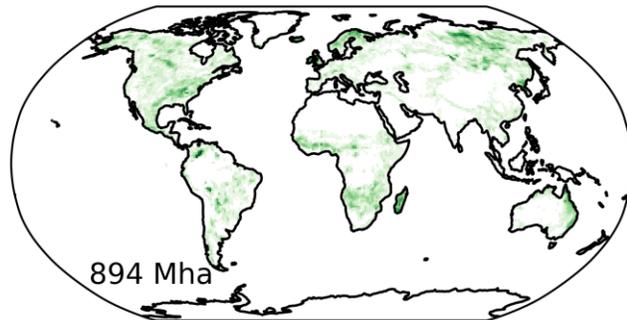
Net global cooling of
0.25°C (Moustakis) and
0.13°C (Bastin & Hurtt)

Reforestation location drives regional BGP pattern

Bastin

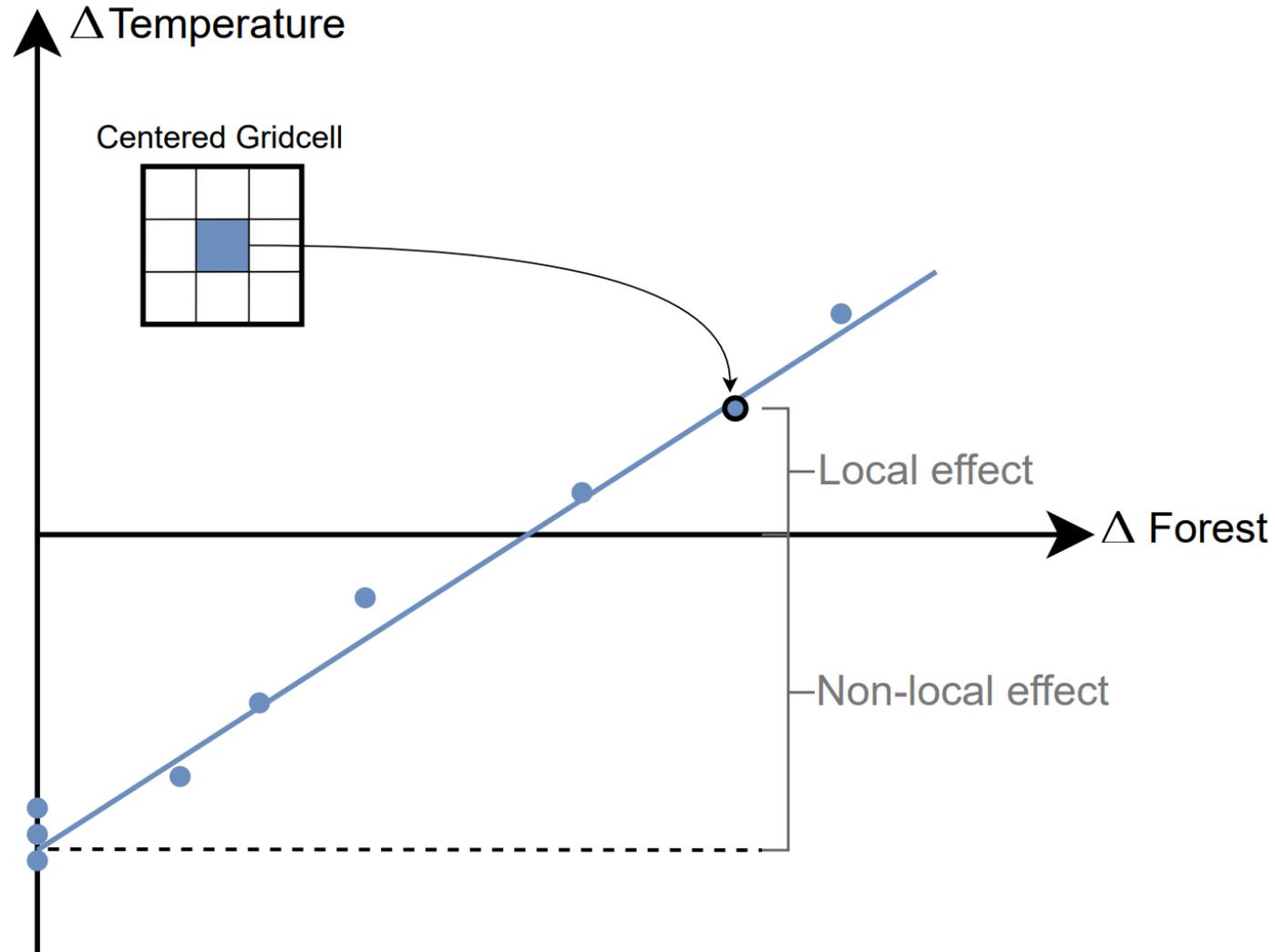
Moustakis

Hurtt



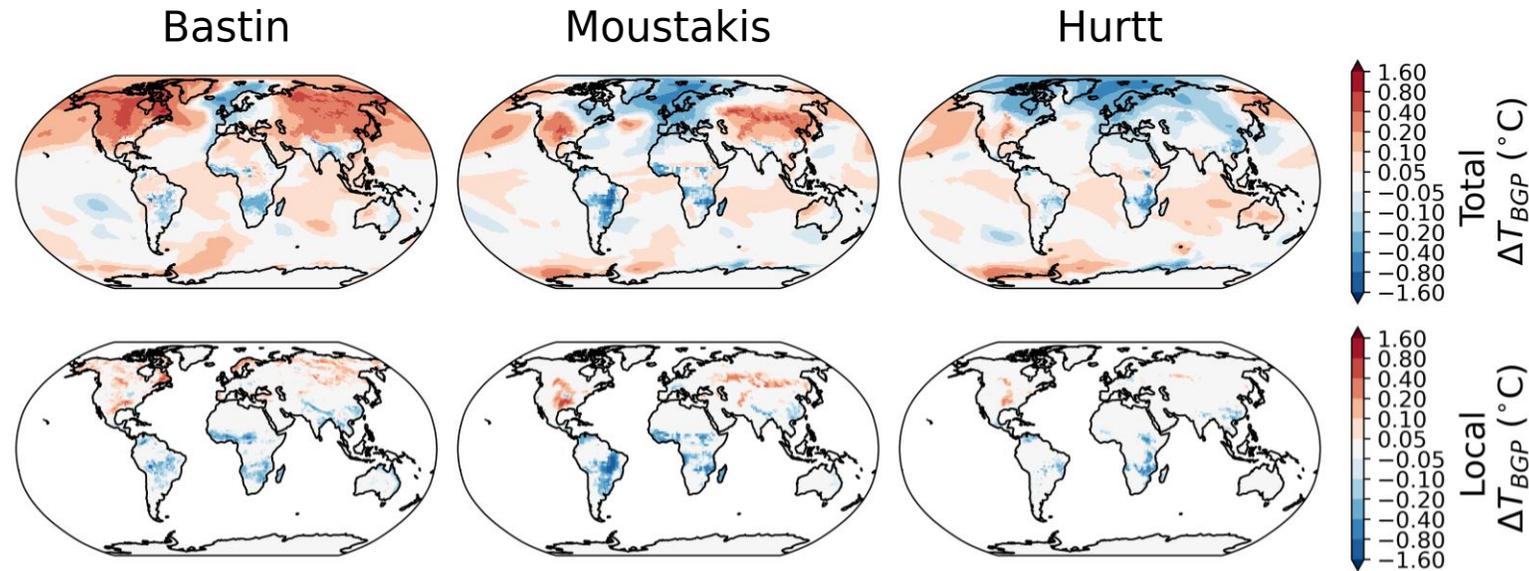
- Consistent cooling over tropical land, Europe and Norwegian Sea
- Large differences in temperature responses in high-latitude regions

Mowing window regression for local/non-local



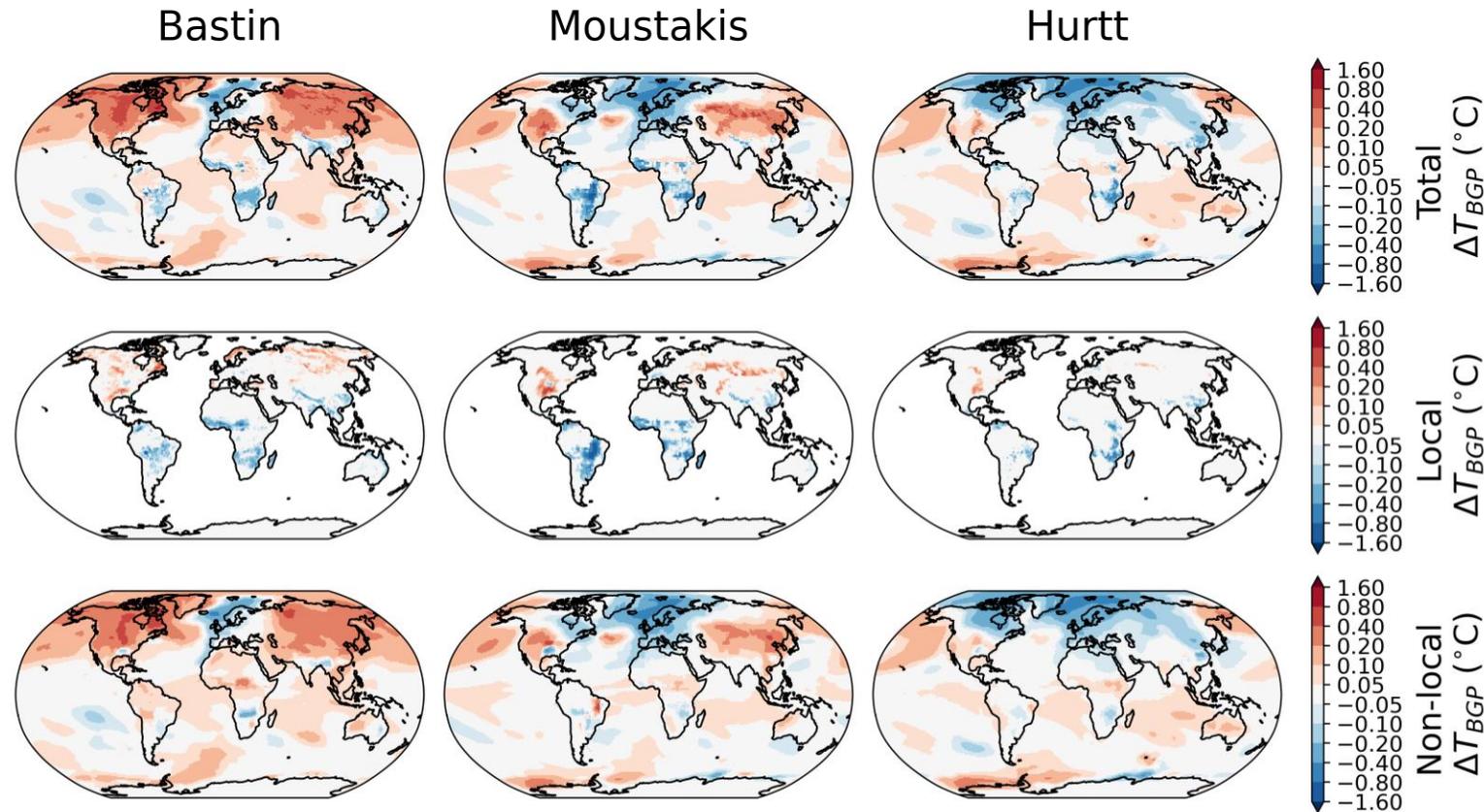
*Gao et al. 2017,
Lejeune et al. 2018*

Non-local effects govern temperature differences



- Consistent local tropical cooling and high-latitude warming

Non-local effects govern temperature differences



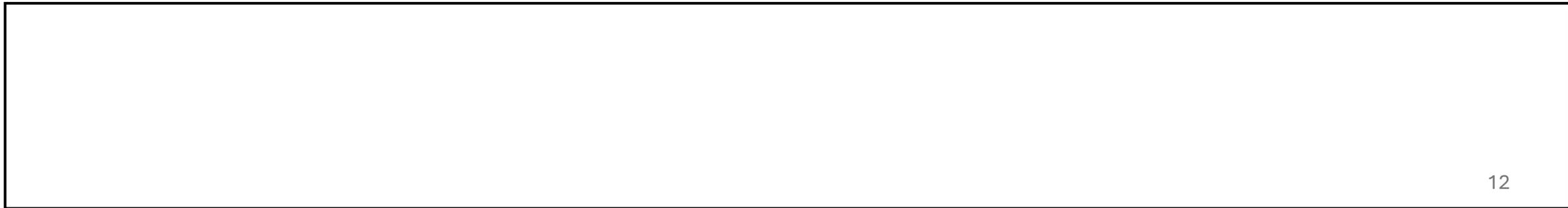
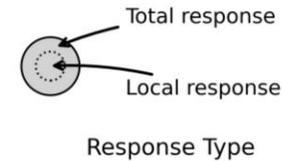
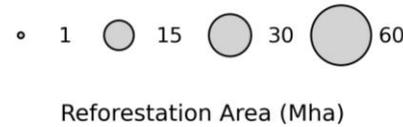
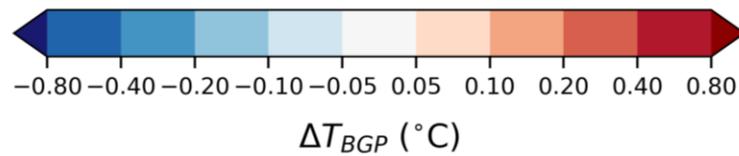
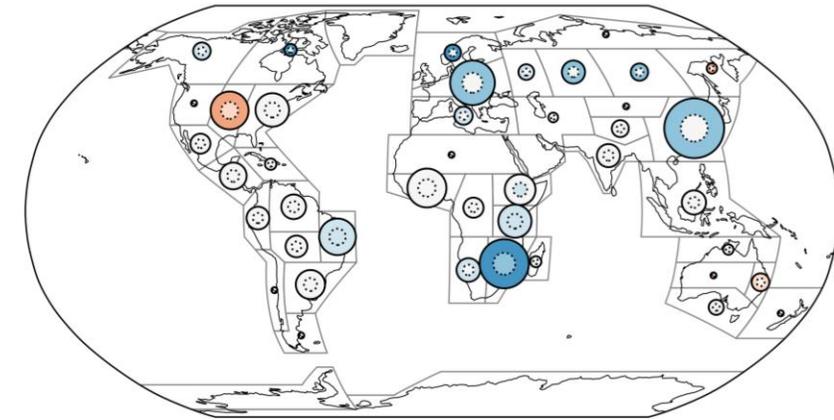
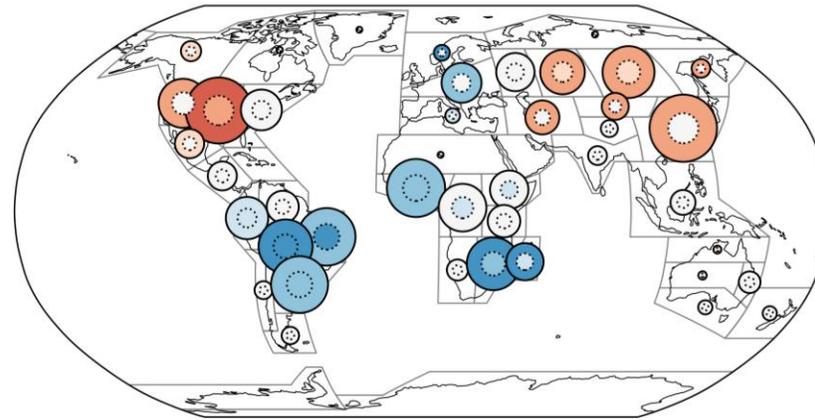
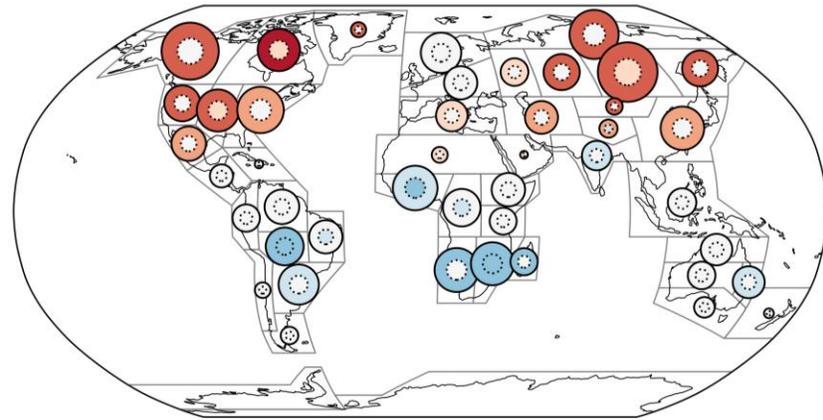
- Consistent local tropical cooling and high-latitude warming
- Different reforestation patterns induce wide range of non-local effects

Reforestation regions for climate change mitigation

Bastin

Moustakis

Hurtt

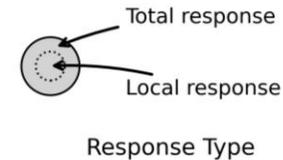
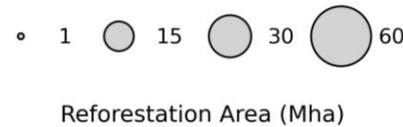
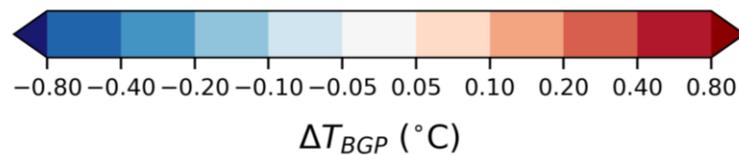
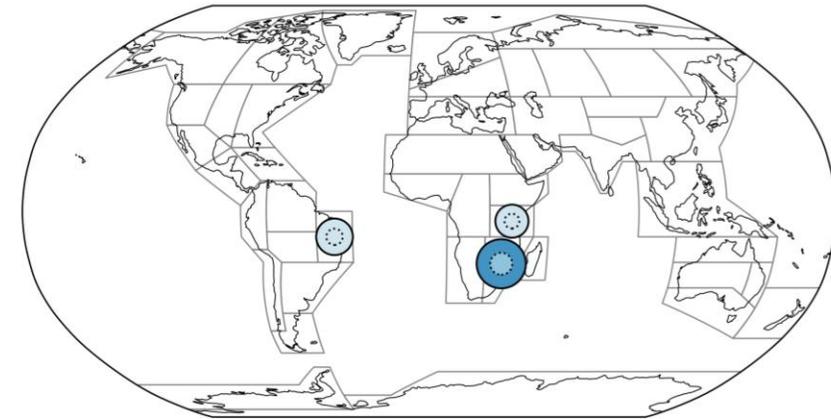
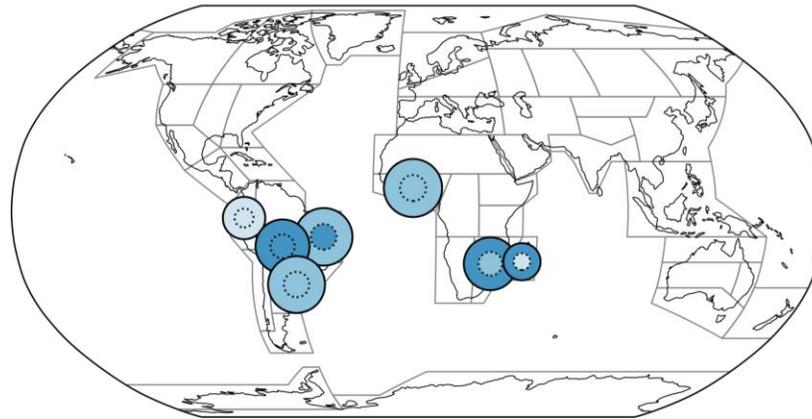
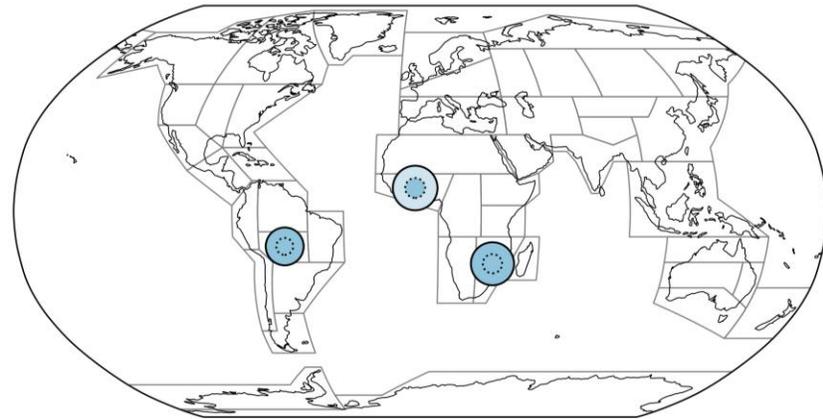


Reforestation regions for climate change mitigation

Bastin

Moustakis

Hurtt



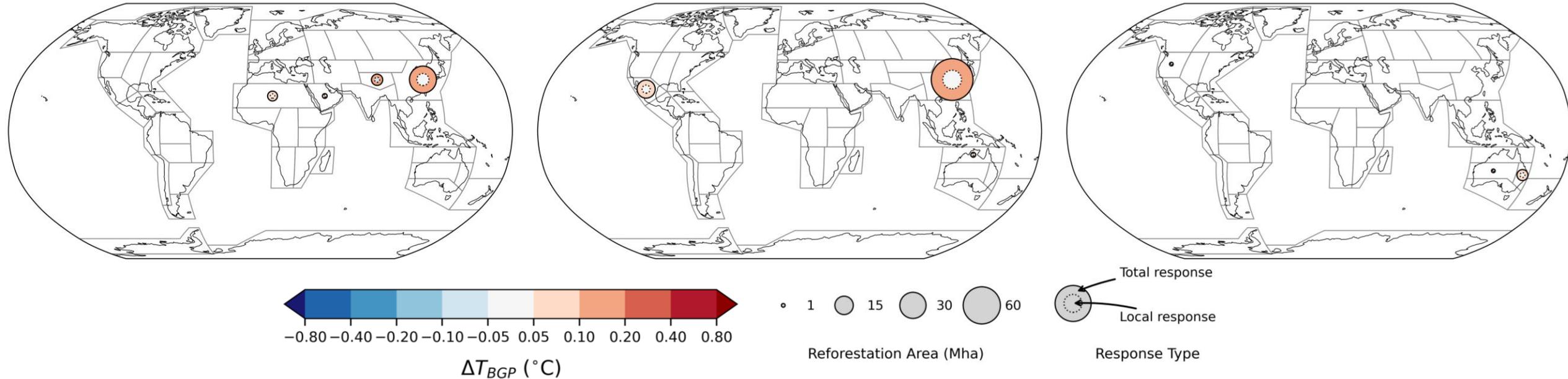
Reforestation leads to local temperature reduction

Reforestation regions for climate change mitigation

Bastin

Moustakis

Hurtt



Reforestation leads to local temperature reduction



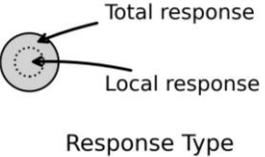
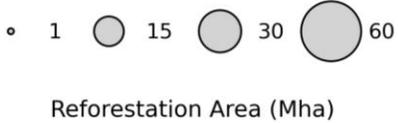
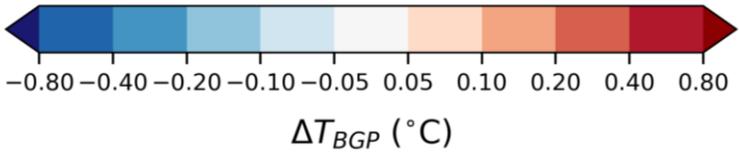
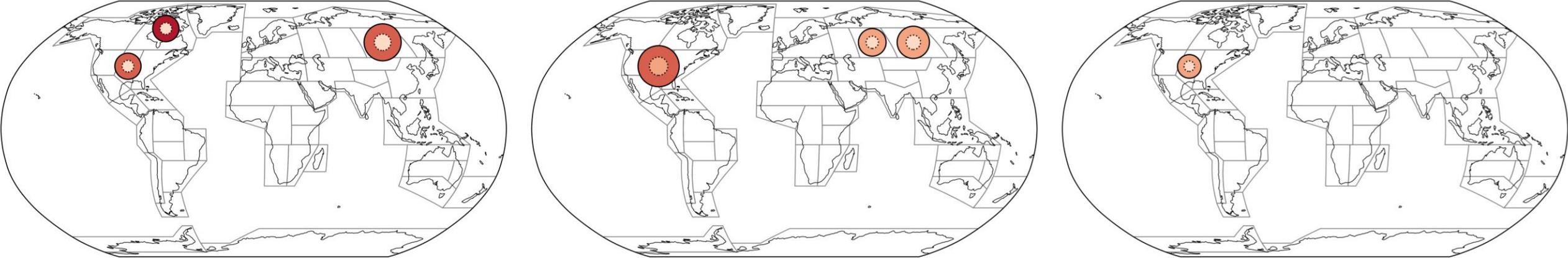
Reforestation still beneficial as local cooling can mitigate non-local warming or, in the absence, provide direct local cooling benefits

Reforestation regions for climate change mitigation

Bastin

Moustakis

Hurtt



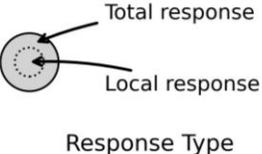
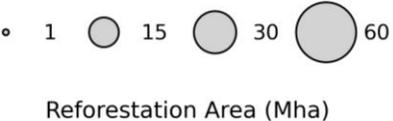
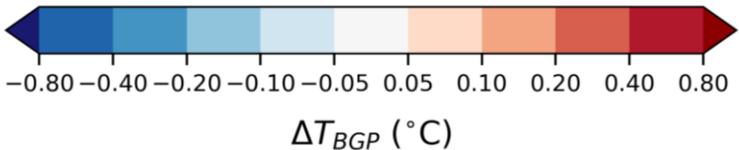
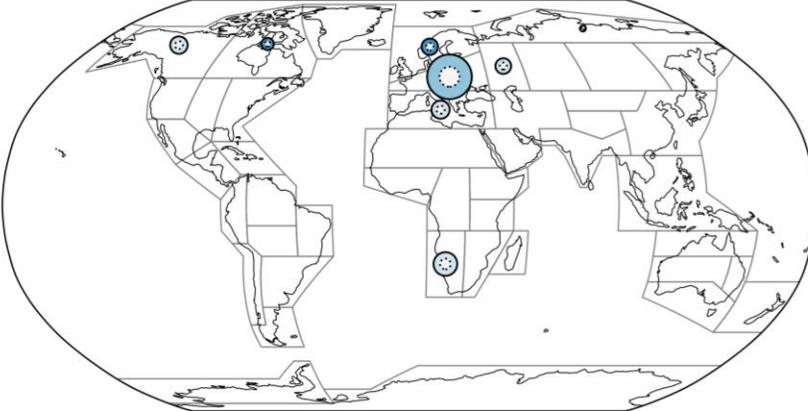
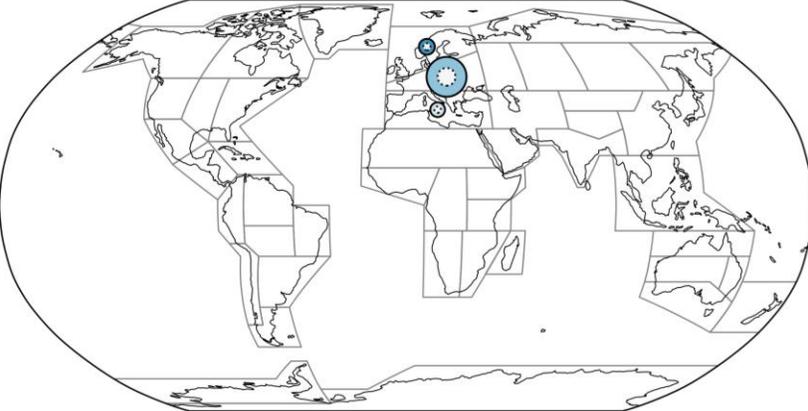
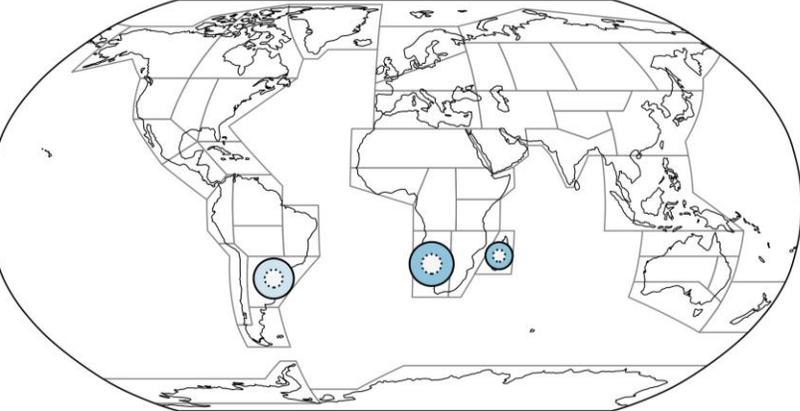
-  Reforestation leads to local temperature reduction
-  Reforestation still beneficial as local cooling can mitigate non-local warming or, in the absence, provide direct local cooling benefits
-  Reforestation would have no overall (BGP+BGC) effect or could be climatically detrimental

Reforestation regions for climate change mitigation

Bastin

Moustakis

Hurtt



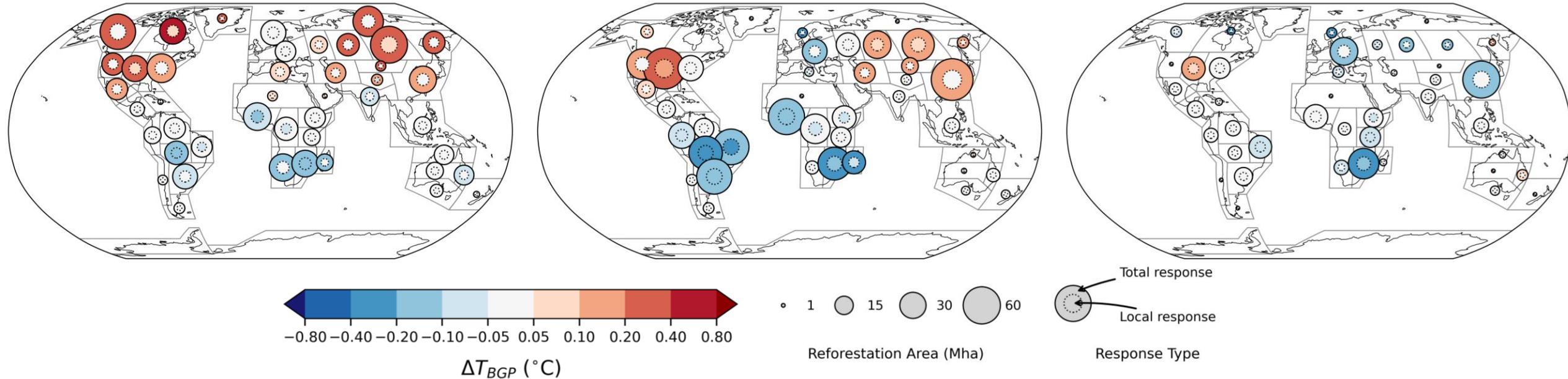
- Reforestation leads to local temperature reduction
- Reforestation still beneficial as local cooling can mitigate non-local warming or, in the absence, provide direct local cooling benefits
- Reforestation would have no overall (BGP+BGC) effect or could be climatically detrimental
- Reforestation in other areas benefit them but not a reliable climate strategy

Reforestation regions for climate change mitigation

Bastin

Moustakis

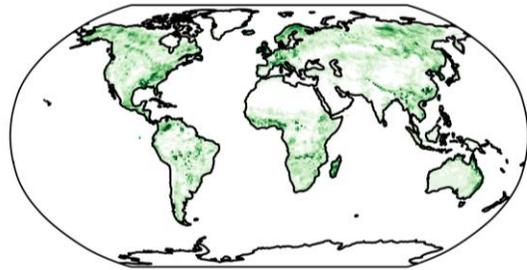
Hurtt



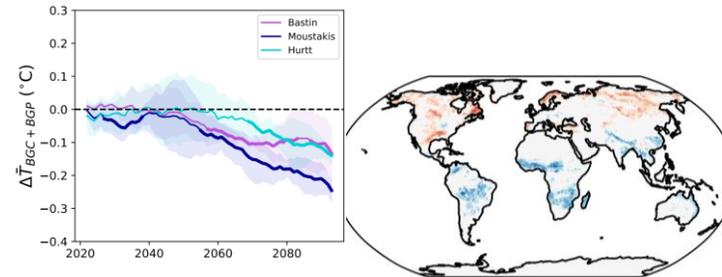
- Recommended to reforest in tropics (e.g., Amazonia, SE Africa) and subtropics (e.g., East Asia)
- Not recommended to reforest in higher latitudes (e.g., Central North America, E. Siberia)

Summary

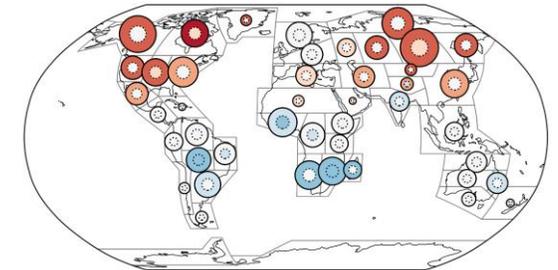
Reforestation scenarios shape global and regional temperature outcomes
Fahrenbach et al. (preprint, accepted)



Novel ESM Study: First study comparing temperature responses across 3 reforestation potentials



Less is more: Same net global cooling with 450 Mha less reforestation



Beyond Carbon: Mitigation policies must consider BGP effects alongside carbon uptake

Latitudinal Trade-offs: Tropical and subtropical reforestation maximize cooling; high-latitude planting can trigger local BGP warming

Support Not Replace: Large-scale reforestation offers cooling of 0.25°C, helpful to support but not replace decarbonisation