

### **Outline**



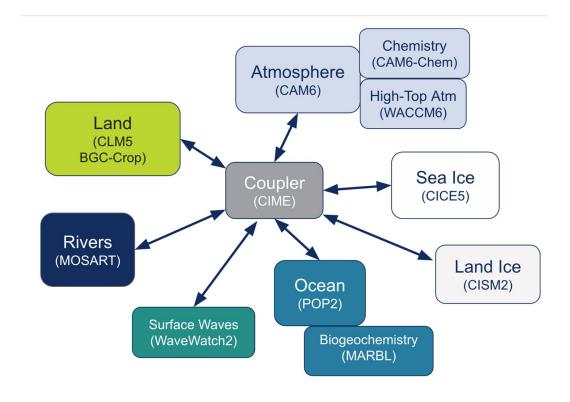
Timeline of building CESM2



The art of tuning



Model development tales



# Timeline of building CESM2





### CESM2: Development of the individual components

#### Phase 1: "Let's build the model components" (5 years)

For CESM2: the effort began around 2010

Individual components were built within each working group



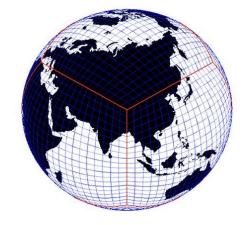
### CESM2: Development of the individual components

Phase 1: "Let's build the model components" (5 years)

During the building phase, working groups focus on aspects of their model they want to improve

**Atmosphere** CAM



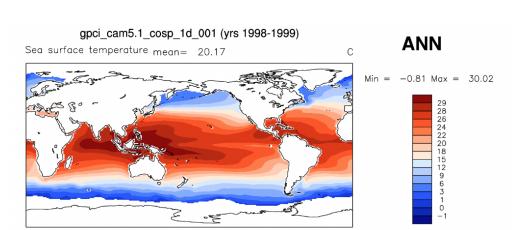


Dynamical core, resolution

O<sub>3</sub> Chemistry CH<sub>4</sub> Oxidation

Physical parameterizations

Many uncoupled simulations + analysis



### CESM2: Coupling of the individual components

#### Phase 2: "Let's put it together" (3 years)

- Collaborative effort started in Nov 2015
- Many meetings with "everybody"
   (all working group co -chair/liaisions)
- 300 configurations
- Thousands of simulated years and diagnostics

CESM2 Release: June 2018



## **Building CESM2 Timeline**



Along the way:

**Model Tuning** 

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# The Art of Tuning

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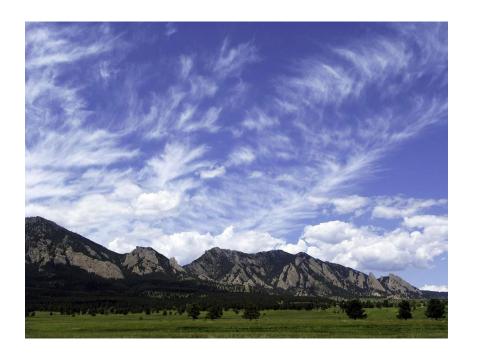
Tuning knobs = parameters weakly constrained by observations

Dcs = Threshold diameter to convert cloud ice particles to snow

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#### Cirrus clouds

- cloud made up of ice crystals (cloud ice)
- altitudes higher 5 km

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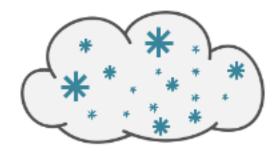
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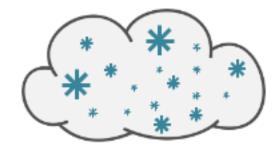
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big ice crystals fall out of the cloud => cloud ice "converts" to snow



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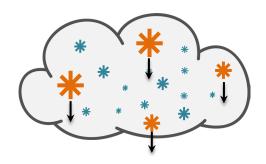


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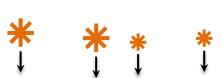
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**Smaller Dcs** 

**Larger Dcs** 

Less cloud ice

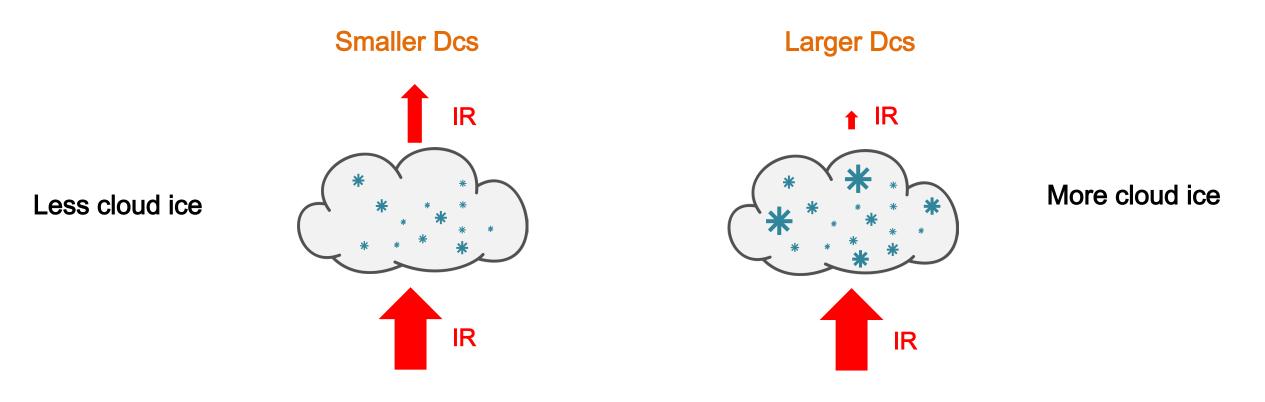






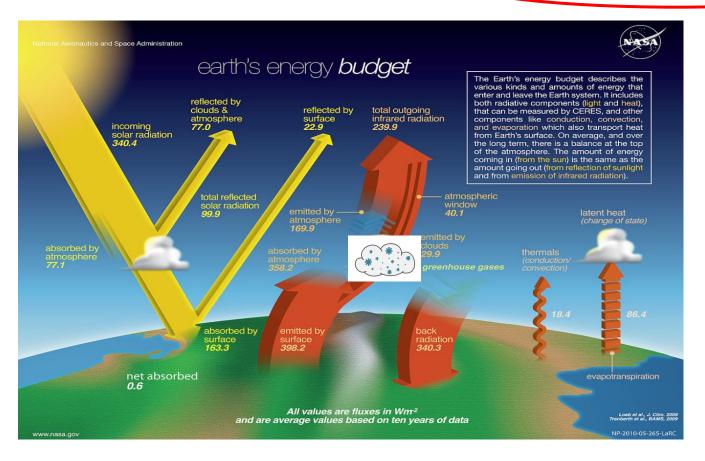
More cloud ice

Dcs = Threshold diameter to convert cloud ice particles to snow



More cloud ice => less infrared radiation (IR) go to space

Tuning = adjusting parameters ("tuning knobs")
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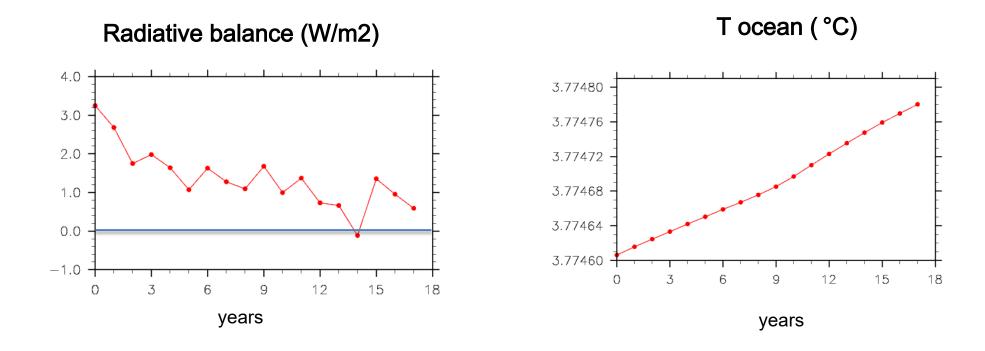


**Adjust Dcs** 



Top of atmosphere radiative balance should be near zero

Why is it so important to tune atmosphere radiative balance?



If the atmosphere radiative balance is positive, the ocean is warming

Top of atmosphere radiative balance should be near zero

#### Other targets when tuning

- Cloud forcing
- Precipitation
- ENSO amplitude
- Atlantic Meridional Ocean Circulation (AMOC)
- Sea-ice thickness/extent
- •

Tuning involves choice and compromise
We learn a lot about the model while tuning



What could go wrong during model development?

# Model development tales

### Coupling = Unleashing the Beast

#### **AMIP** run

- Prescribed SSTs
- No drift



### Coupled run

- Fully active ocean
- Coupled bias and feedback



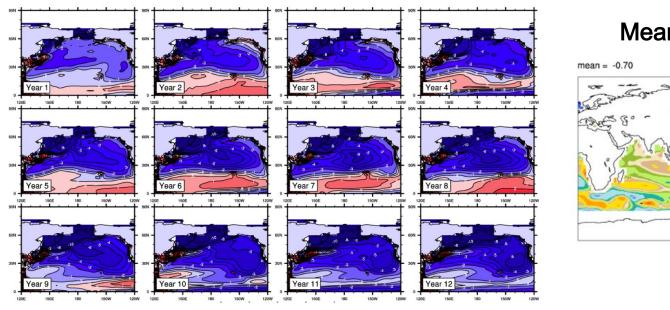
SSTs = Sea Surface Temperatures
AMIP = type of run when SSTs are prescribed

## Example of unleashing the beast (1)

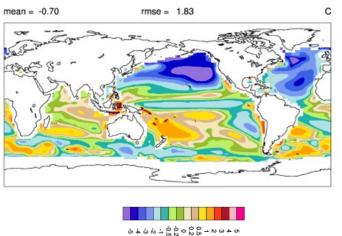
#### Tuning CAM5 (CESM1 development, 2009)

- Tuning was done in AMIP mode: looks like "perfect" simulation
- In coupled mode: strong cooling of the North Pacific (bias > 5K)

#### **Evolution of the SST errors (K)**



#### Mean SST errors (K)



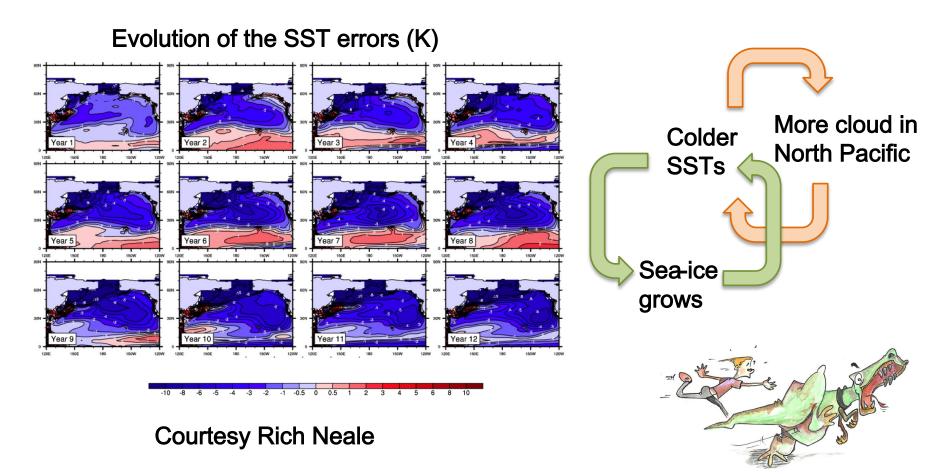
**Courtesy Rich Neale** 

CAM = Community Atmospheric Model
SST = Sea Surface Temperature
AMIP = type of run when SST are prescribed

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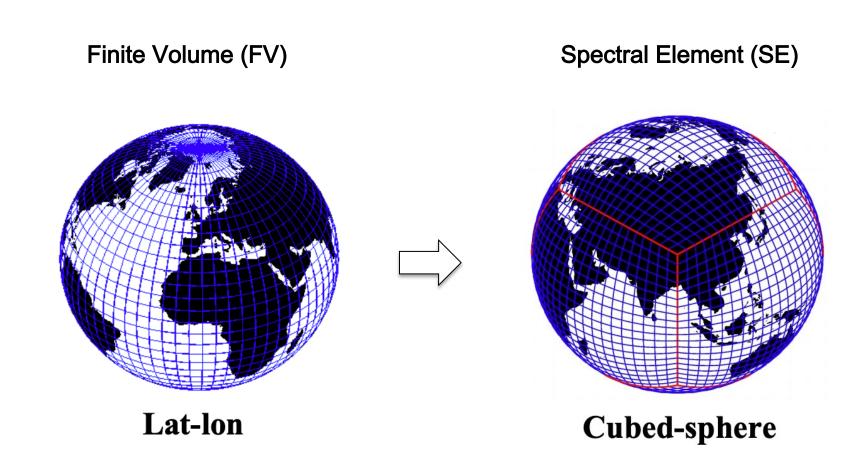
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## Example of unleashing the beast (2)

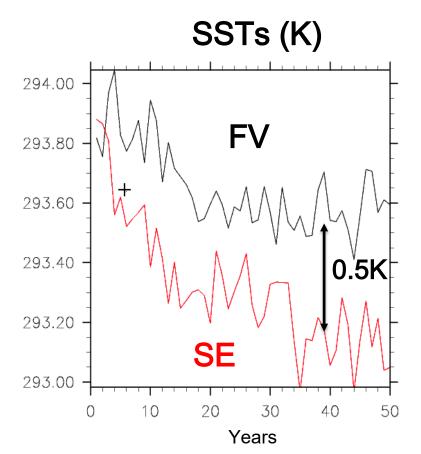
Spectral Element dycore development (CESM1.2, 2013)



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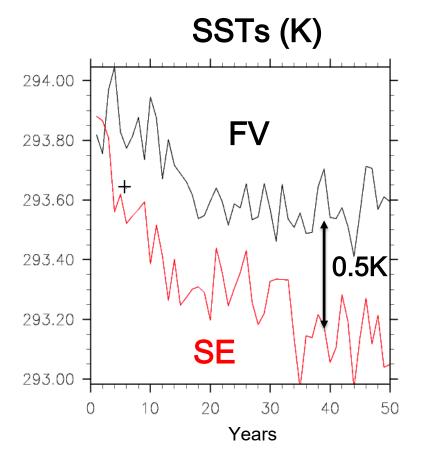
- In CAM standalone: Finite Volume (FV) and Spectral Element (SE) dycores produces very similar simulations.
- In coupled mode: SSTs stabilize 0.5K colder with SE dycore



## Example of unleashing the beast (2)

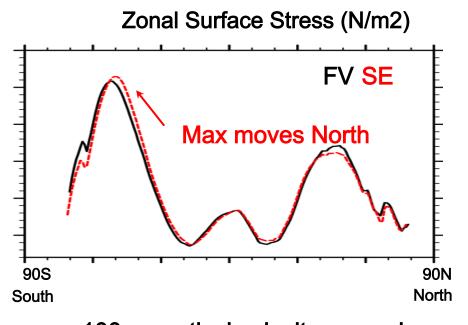
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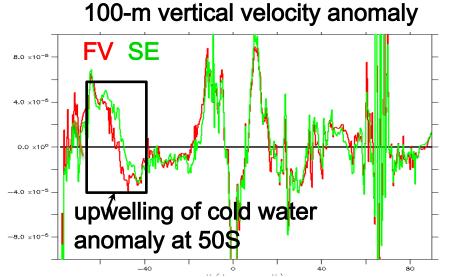
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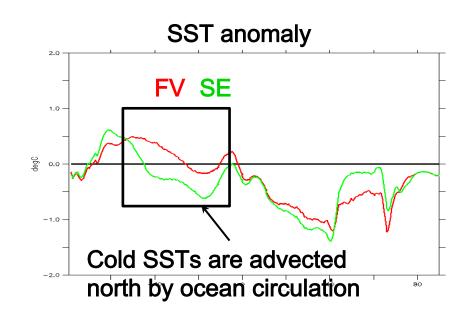




### Mechanism responsible of SST cooling in Spectral Element (SE)







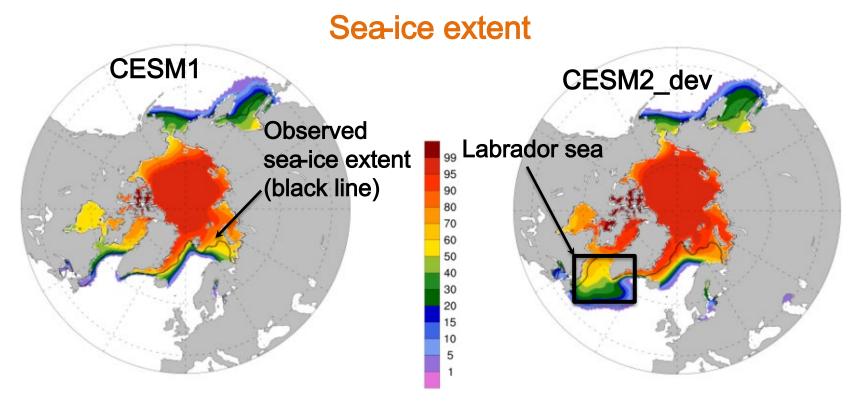
Changes in zonal surface stress in location of upwelling zones associated with ocean circulation is responsible of the SST cooling



## Example of unleashing the beast (3)

#### The Labrador Sea issue (CESM2 development, 2016)

The Labrador Sea was freezing in CESM2\_dev.



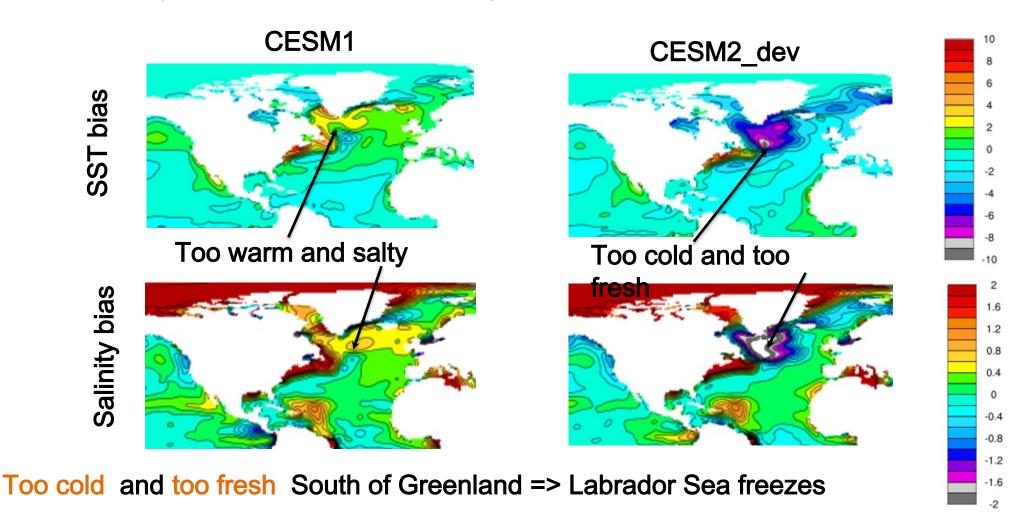
Sea-ice extent is close to obs. Labrador sea is ice free

Labrador sea is ice -covered.

## Example of unleashing the beast (3)

#### The Labrador Sea issue (CESM2 development, 2016)

Why was Labrador Sea freezing?



## Example of unleashing the beast (3)

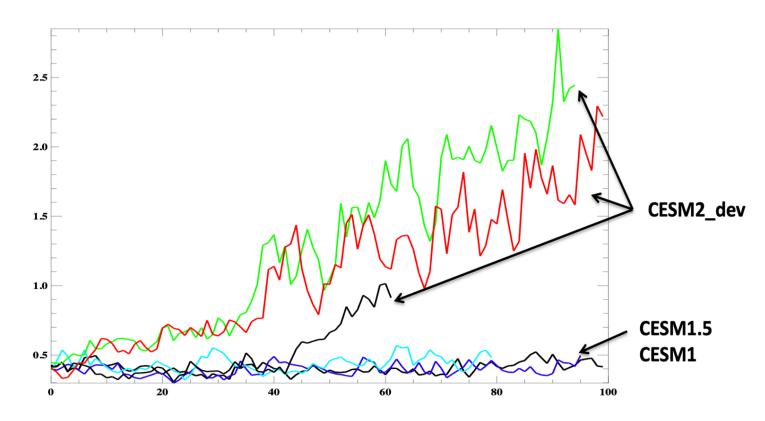
### The Labrador Sea issue (CESM2 development, 2016)

Why was Labrador Sea freezing?



### Trouble in the Labrador Sea

#### Timeseries of sea ice thickness in Labrador sea



Sea ice is building up in Labrador sea This can happen after 1 yr, 40 yr, 100 + yr

Multiple attempts to fix the issue



It is was very robust feature in CESM2\_dev

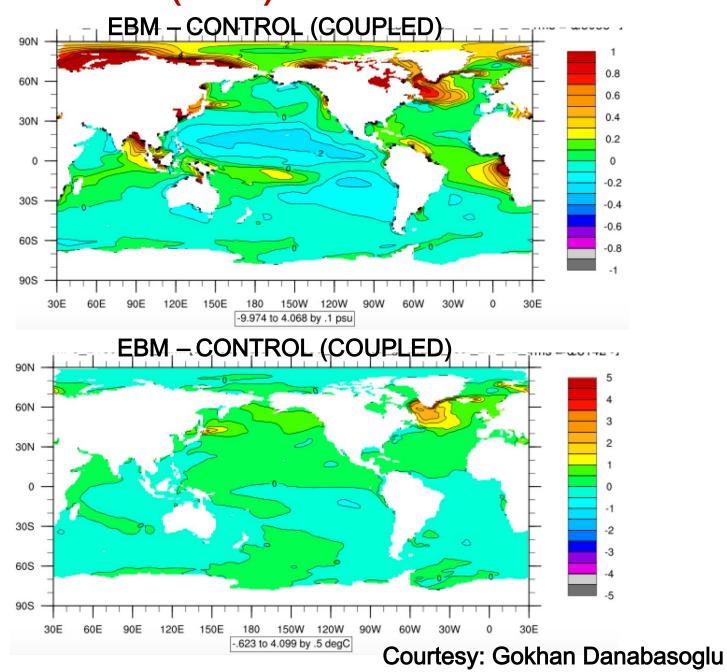
#### **Estuary Box Model**



### Estuary Box Model (EBM) to the rescue!

Sea surface salinity

Sea surface temperature



# Coupling = Unleashing the Beast

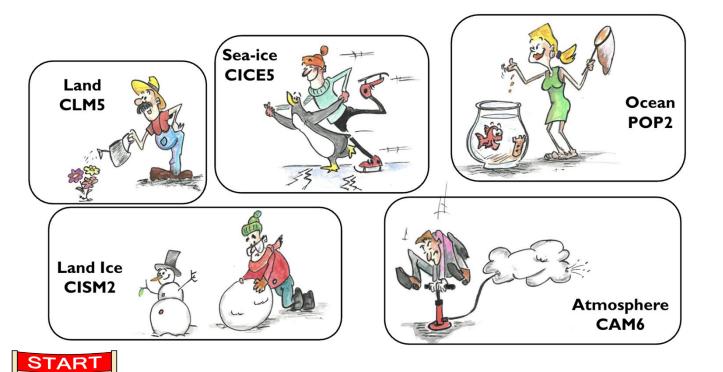


## **Summary**

### Building of a new version of CESM is a long process

Phase 1: Let's build the components

2010



Phase 2: Let's couple the components



## **Summary**

### The Art of Tuning

Tuning = adjusting parameters ("tuning knobs") to achieve best agreement with observations.

- Tuning involves choice and compromise
- We learn a lot about the model while tuning



### The Art of Coupling

Three examples of unleashing the beast:

- CESM1: cold SST bias in North Pacific with CAM5
- CESM1.2: SSTs stabilize 0.5K colder with SE dycore
- CESM2: Labrador Sea is ice -covered



