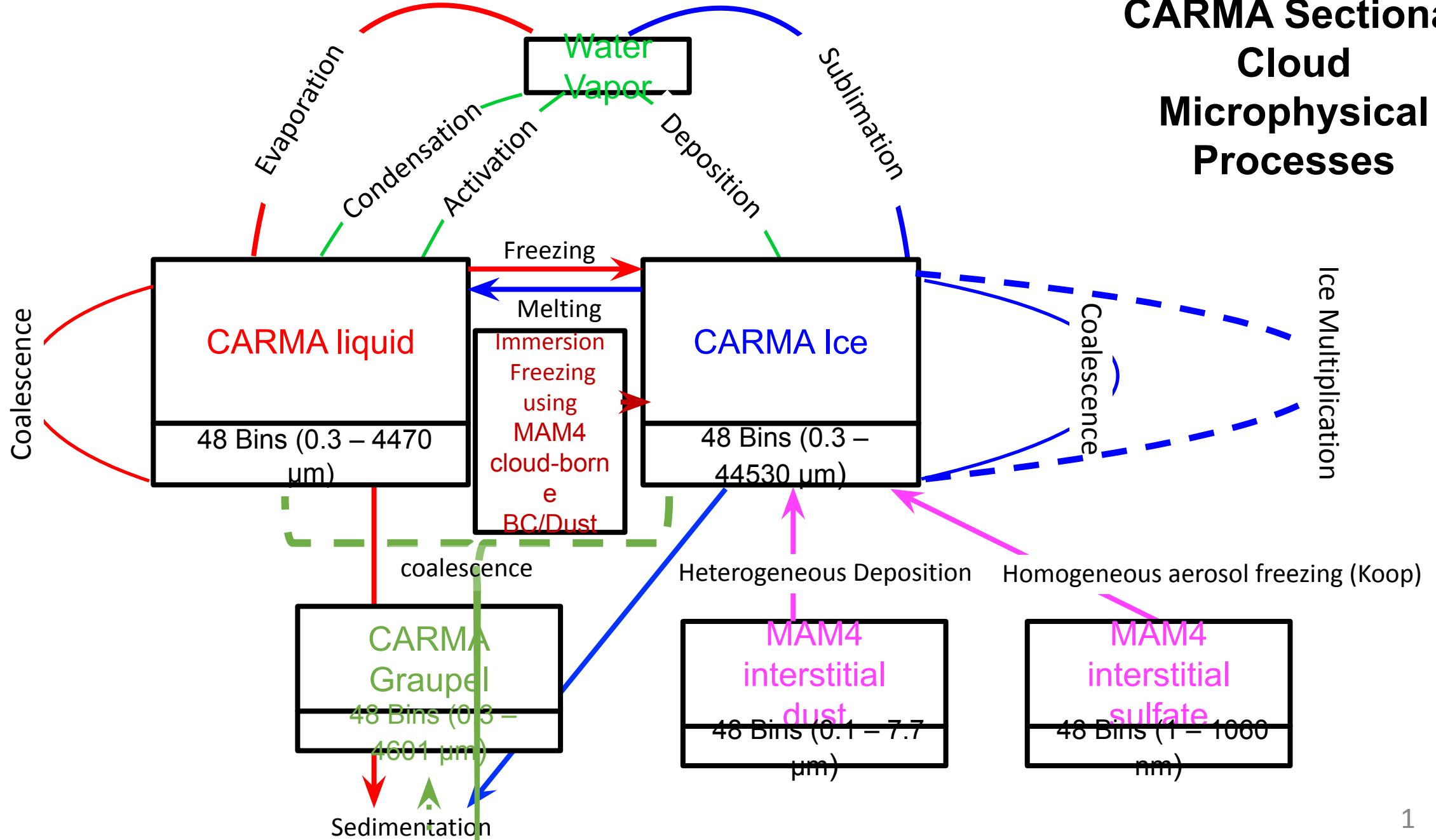


Sectional Cloud Model for CESM2 (CESM2-CARMA Cloud)

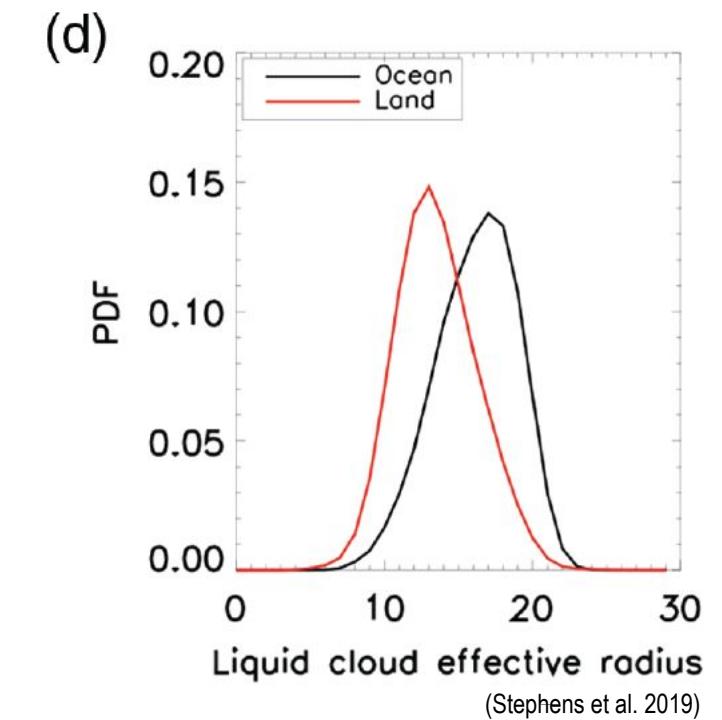
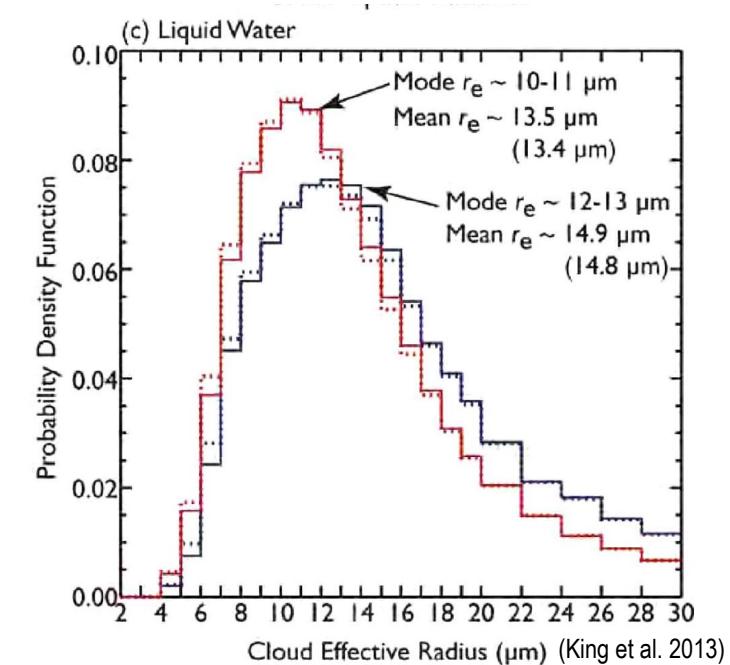
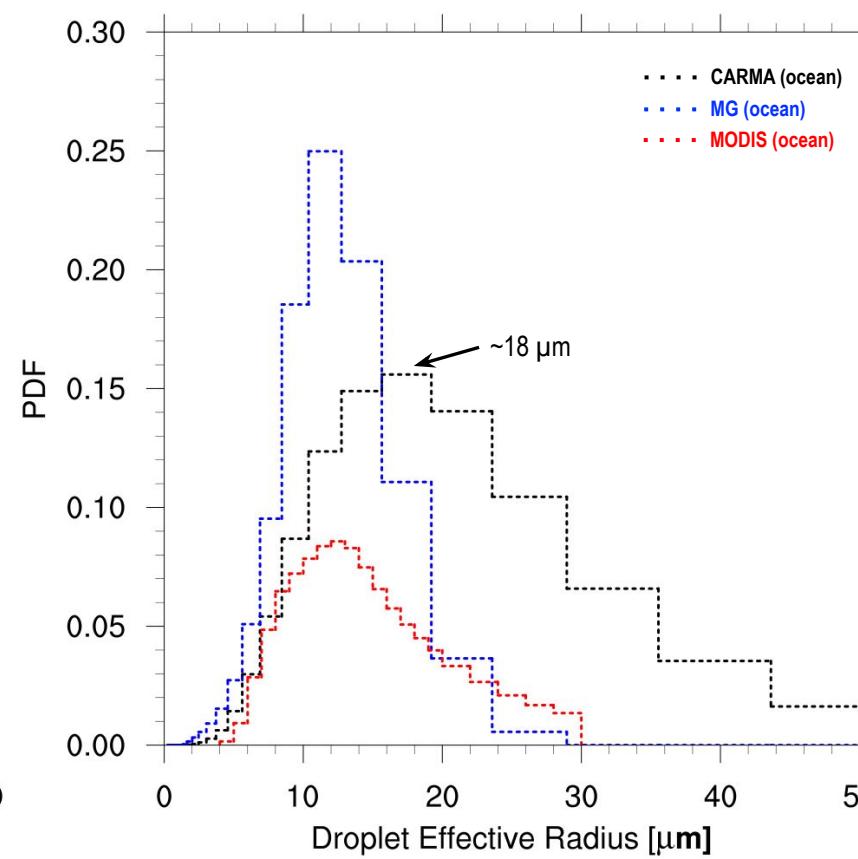
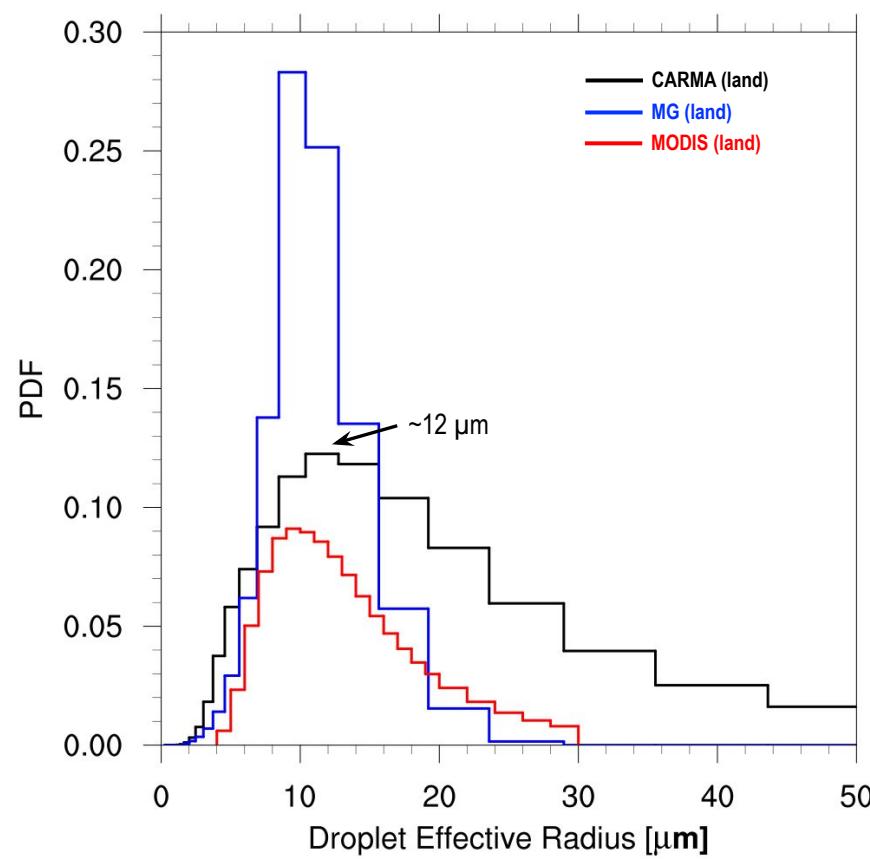
Lu Wang¹, Yunqian Zhu^{1,2}, Charles G. Bardeen³, Christopher Maloney^{1,2},
Andrew Gettelman⁴, Owen B. Toon¹

¹*U. Colorado*, ²*NOAA*, ³*NCAR*, ⁴*PNNL*

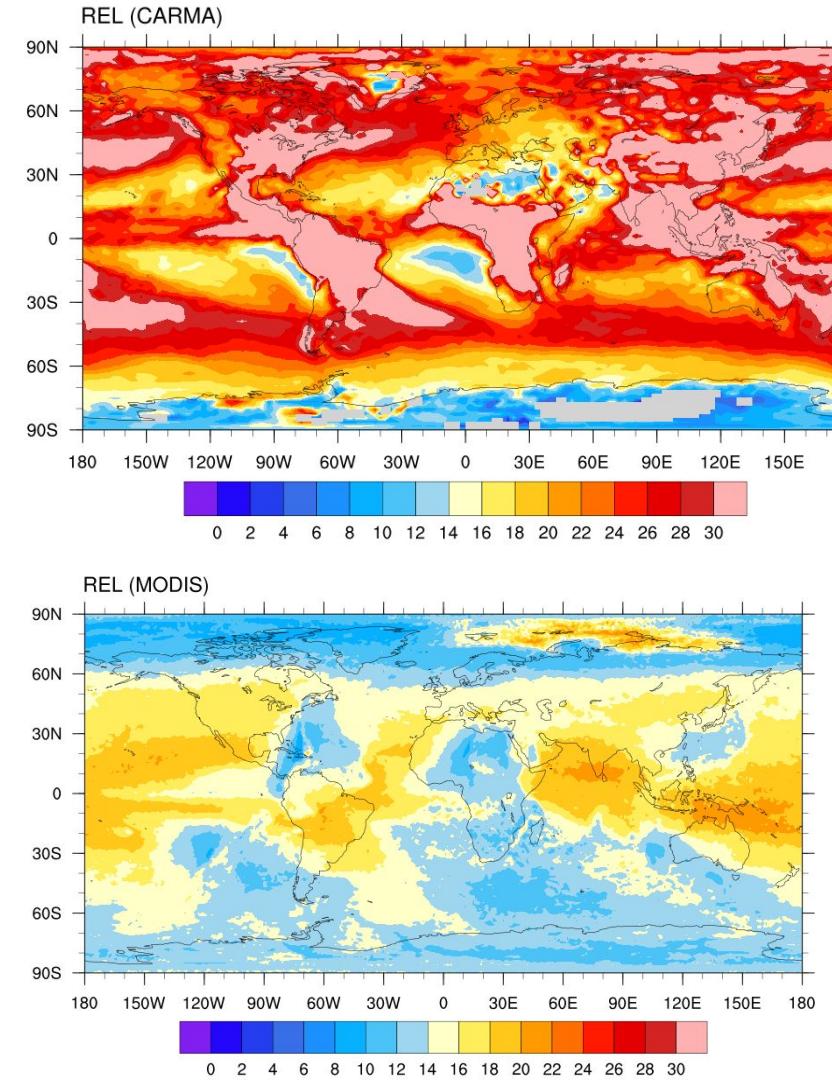
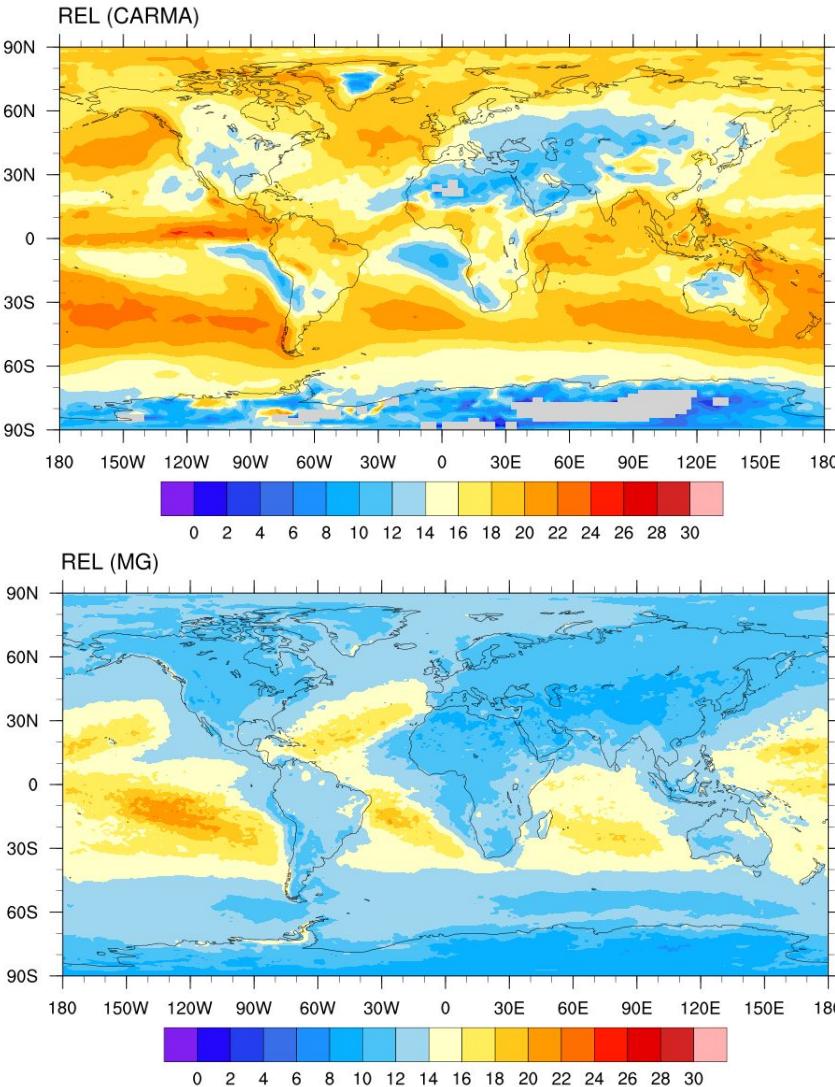
CARMA Sectional Cloud Microphysical Processes



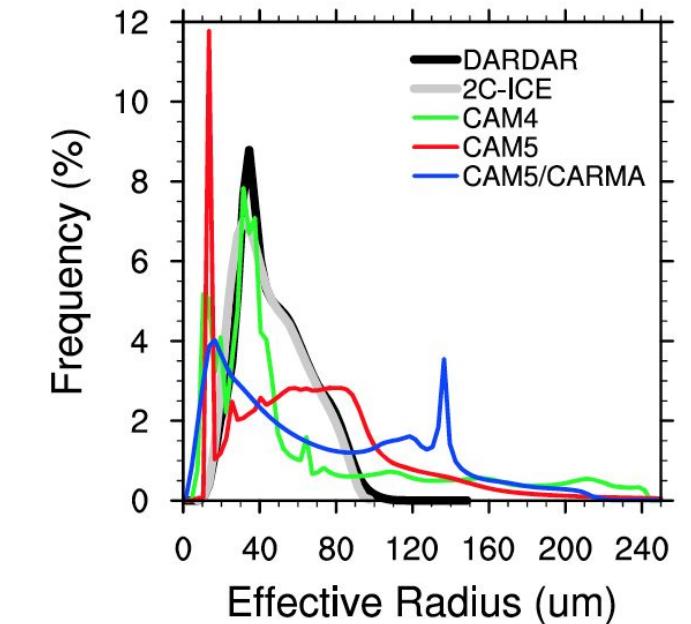
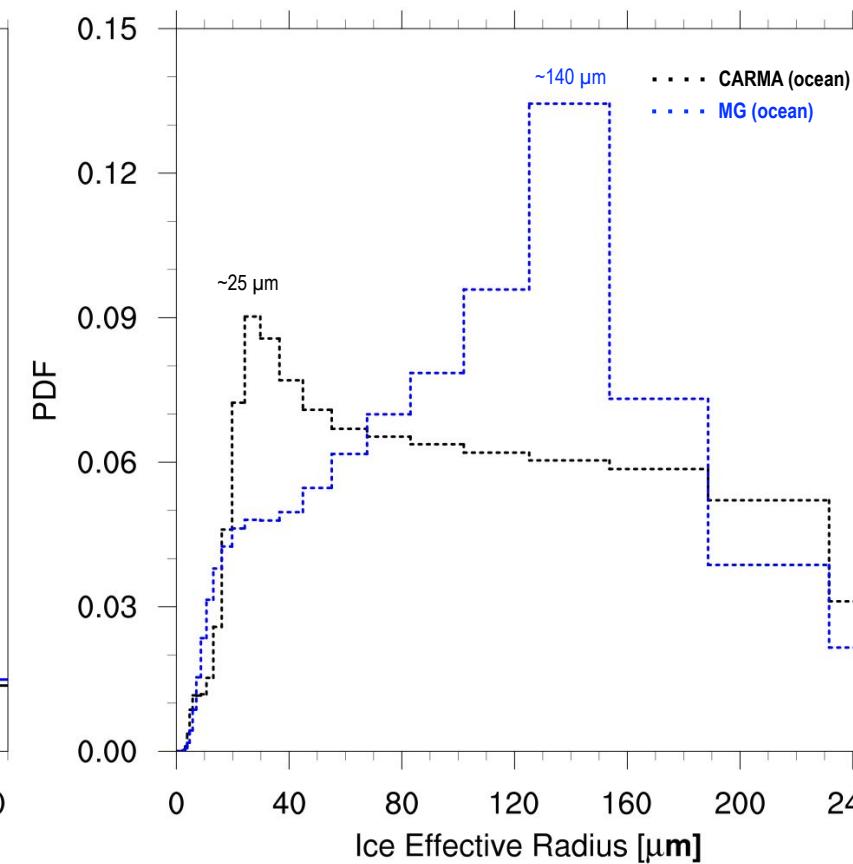
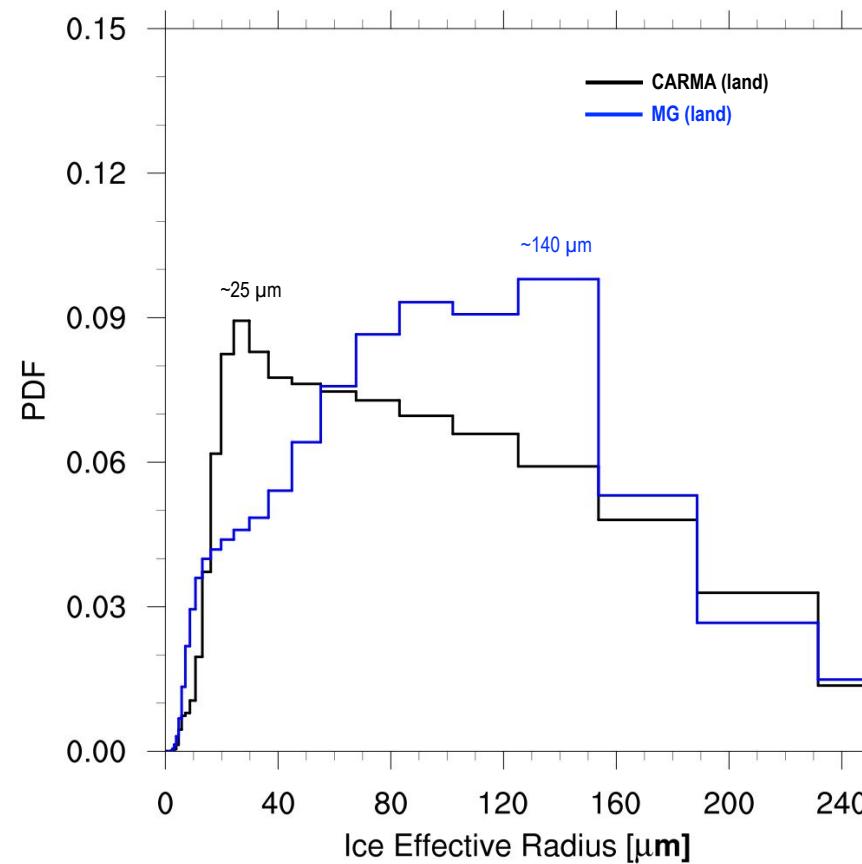
Droplet Effective Radius PDF (CARMA-MG-MODIS)



Droplet Effective Radius Map

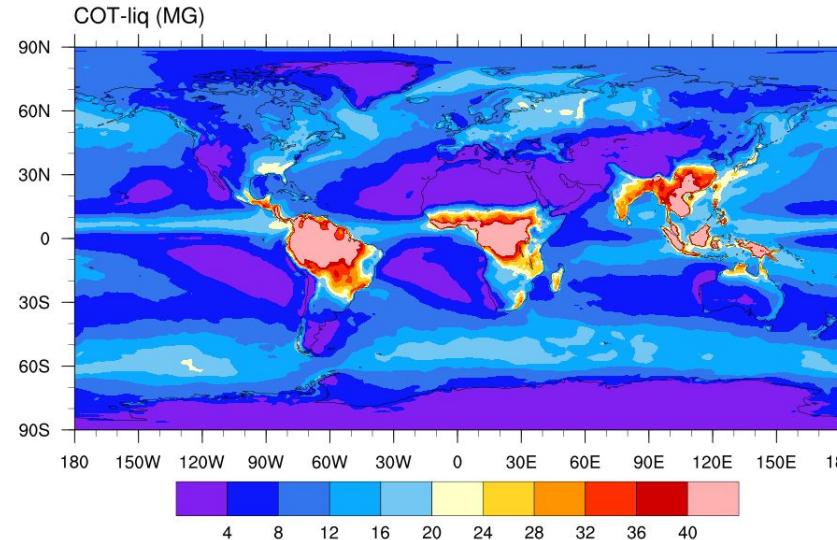
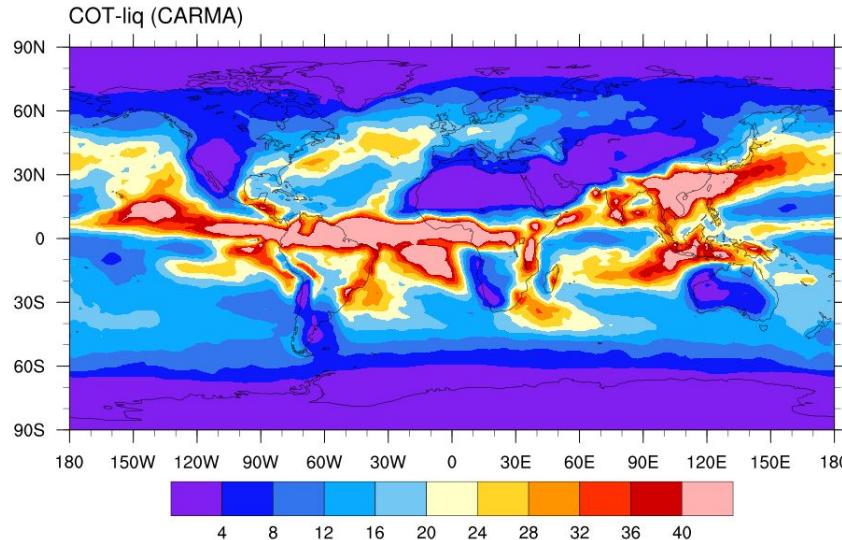


Ice Effective Radius PDF (CARMA-MG)

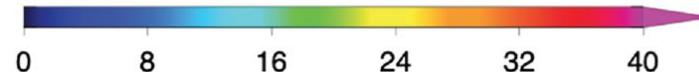
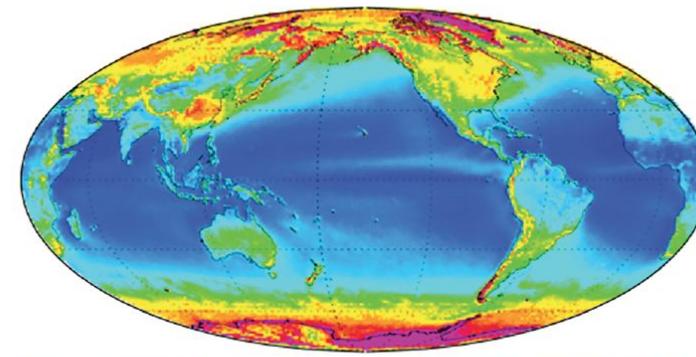


(Bardeen et al. 2013)

Cloud Optical Thickness (Liquid) Map

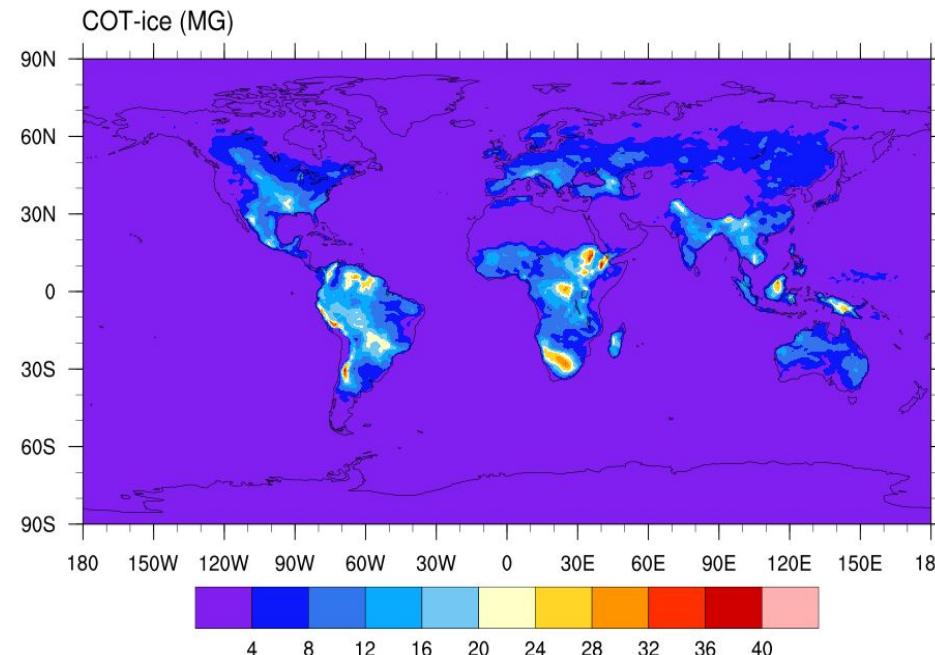
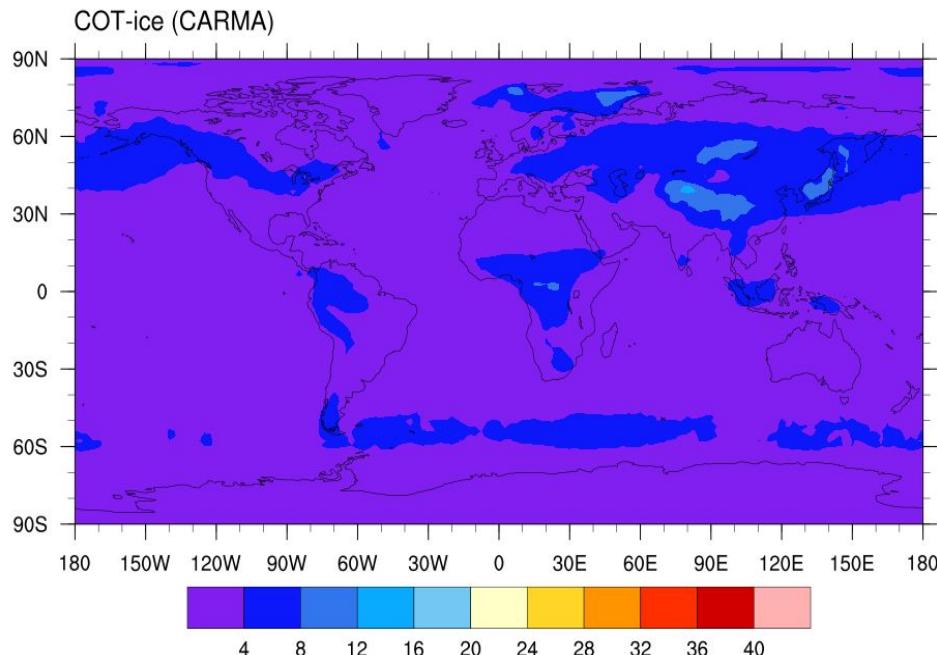


(a) Liquid optical depth

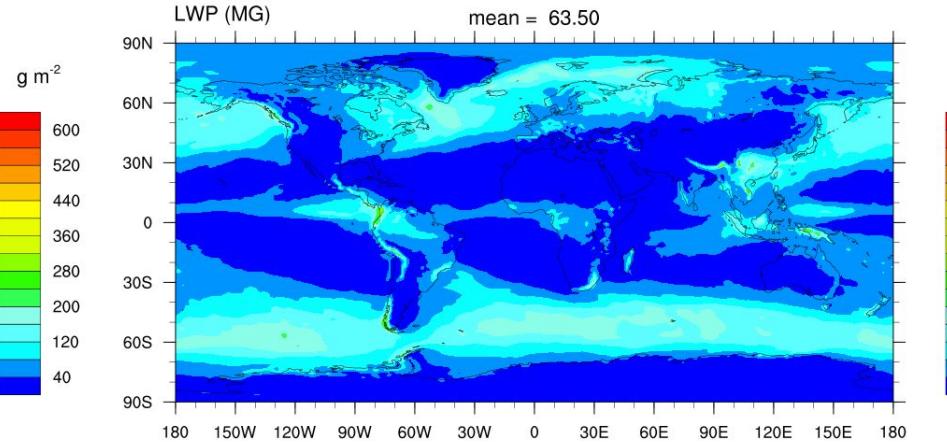
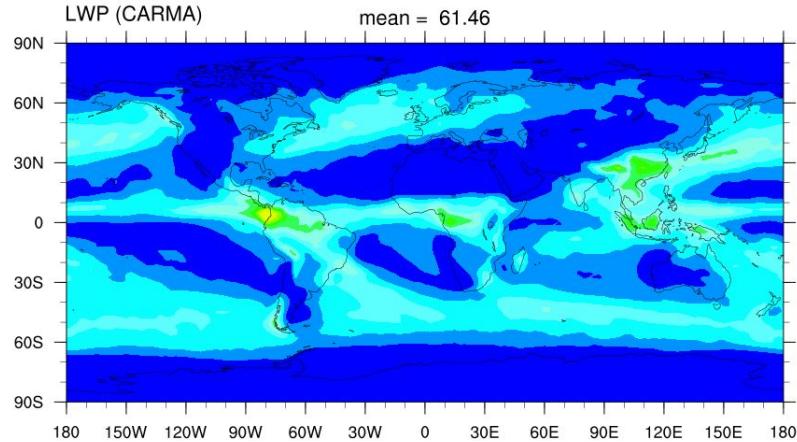


(Stephens et al. 2019)

Cloud Optical Thickness (ice) Map

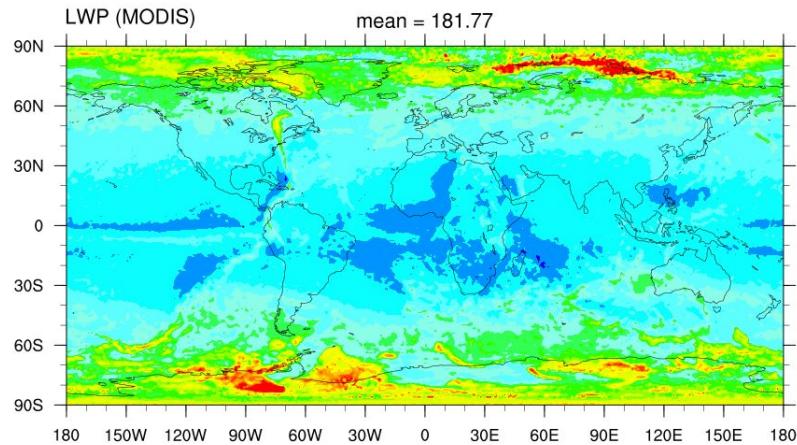


Cloud Liquid Water Path



g m^{-2}

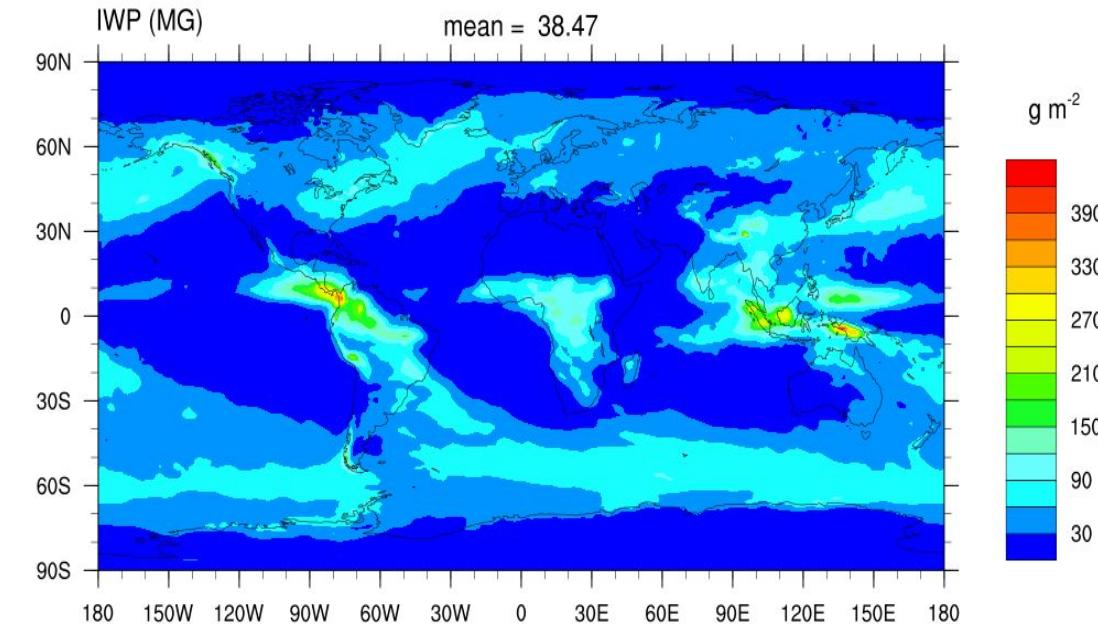
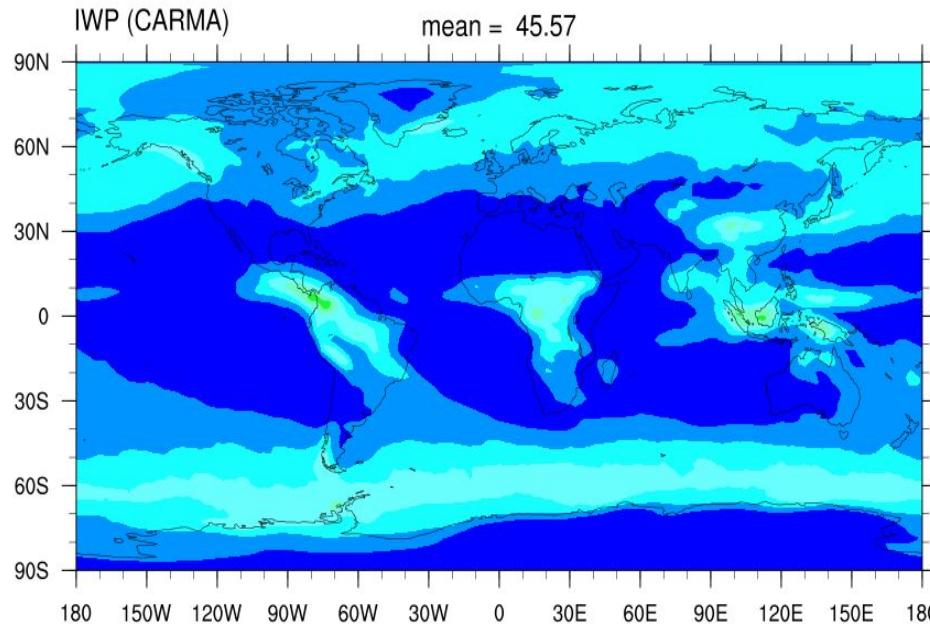
600
520
440
360
280
200
120
40



g m^{-2}

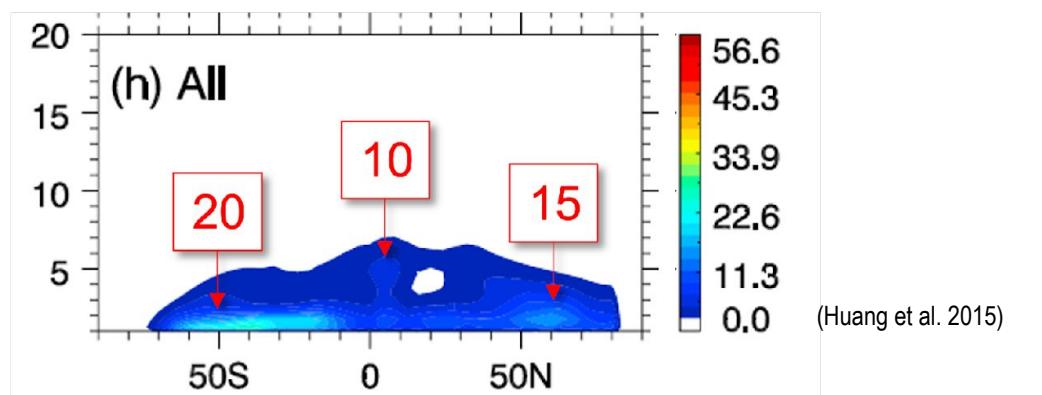
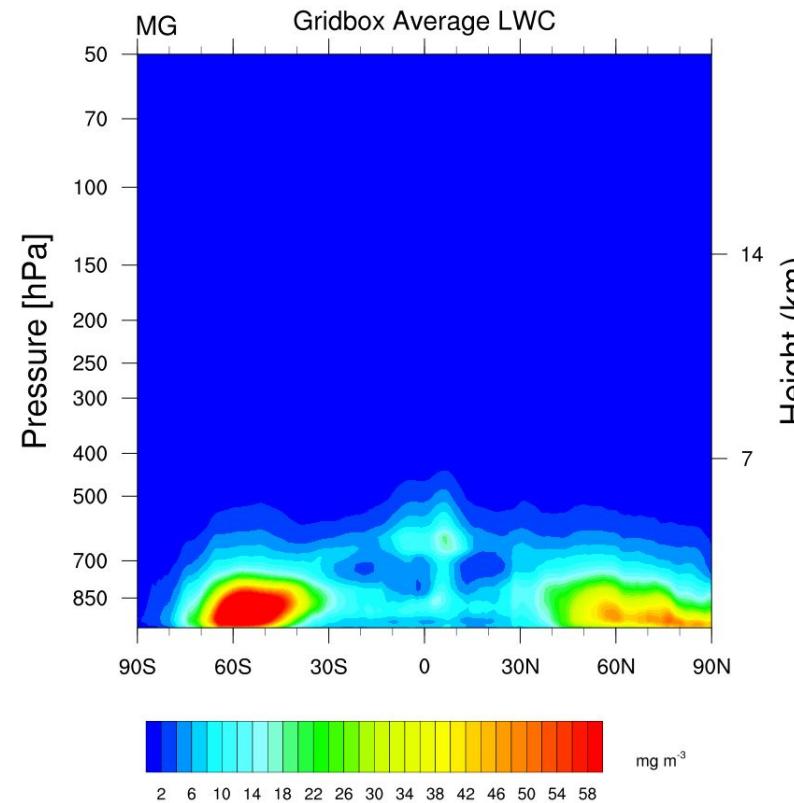
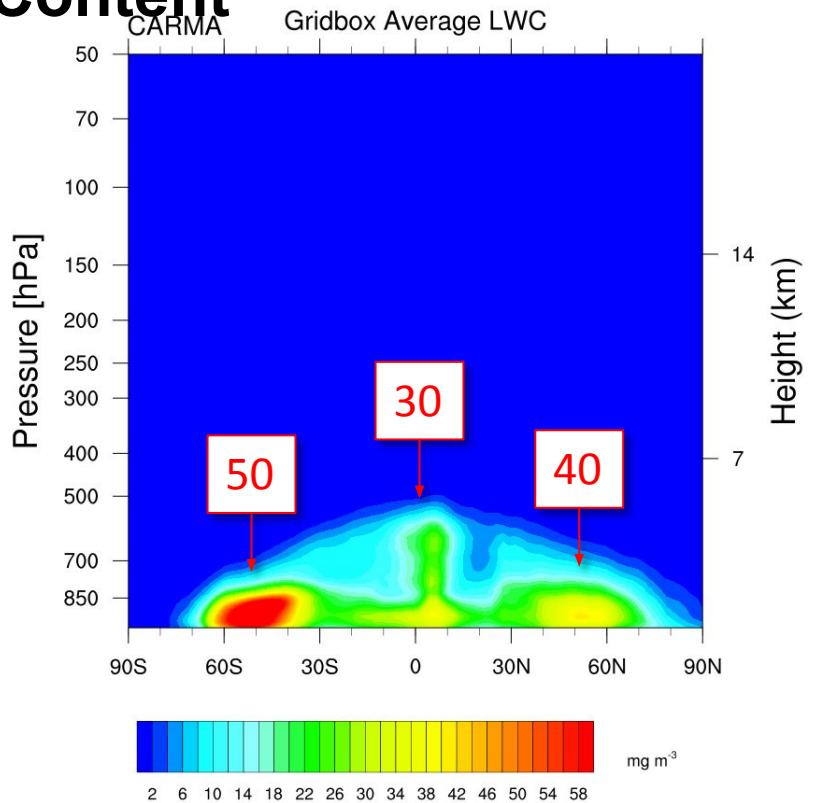
600
520
440
360
280
200
120
40

Cloud Ice Water Path



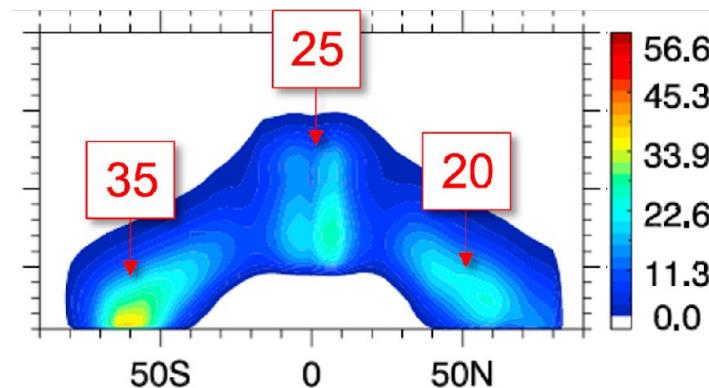
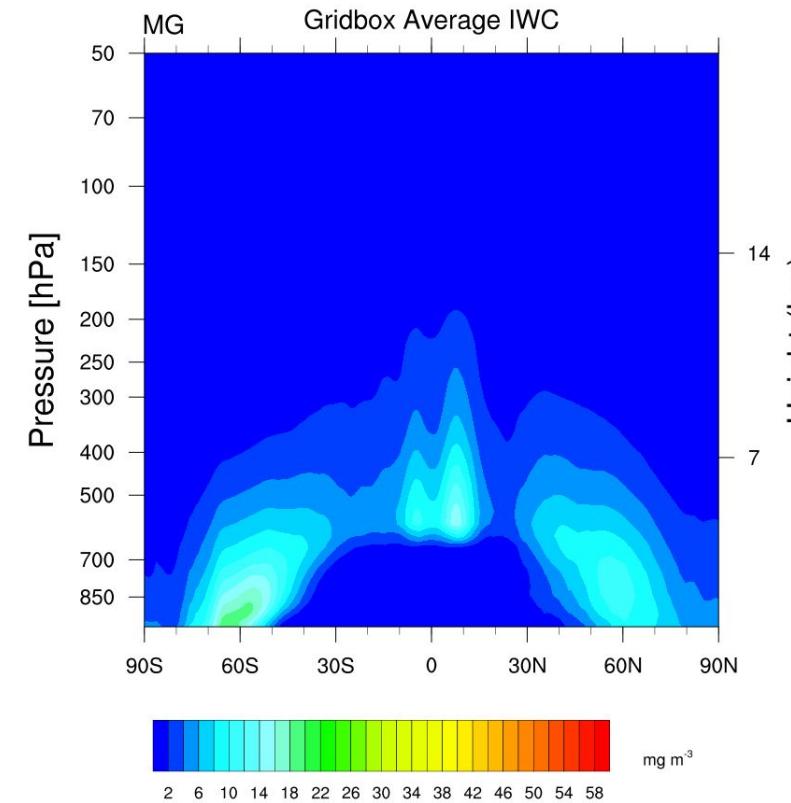
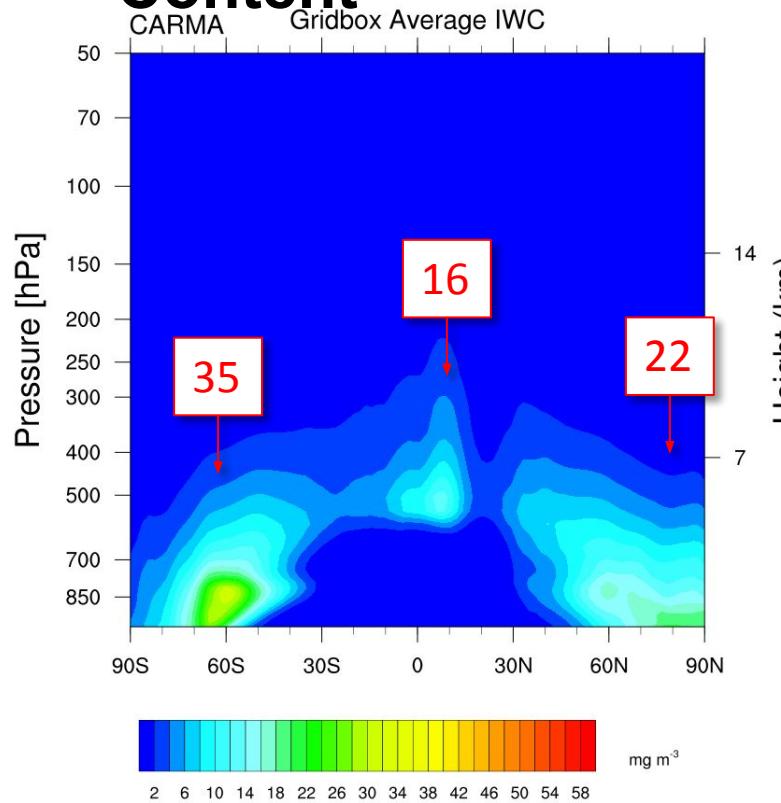
Cloud Liquid Water

Content



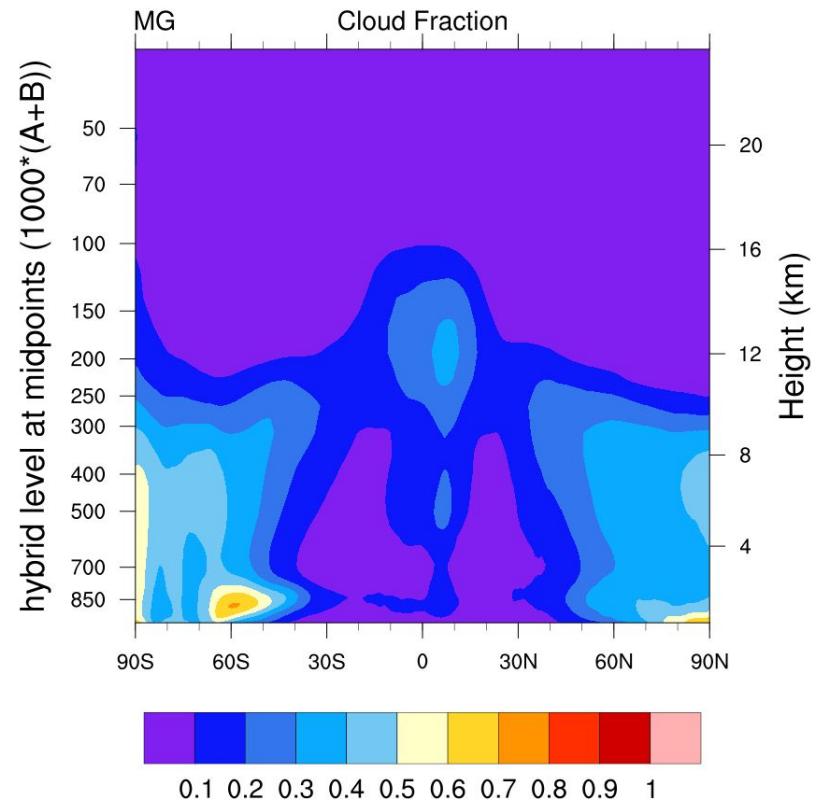
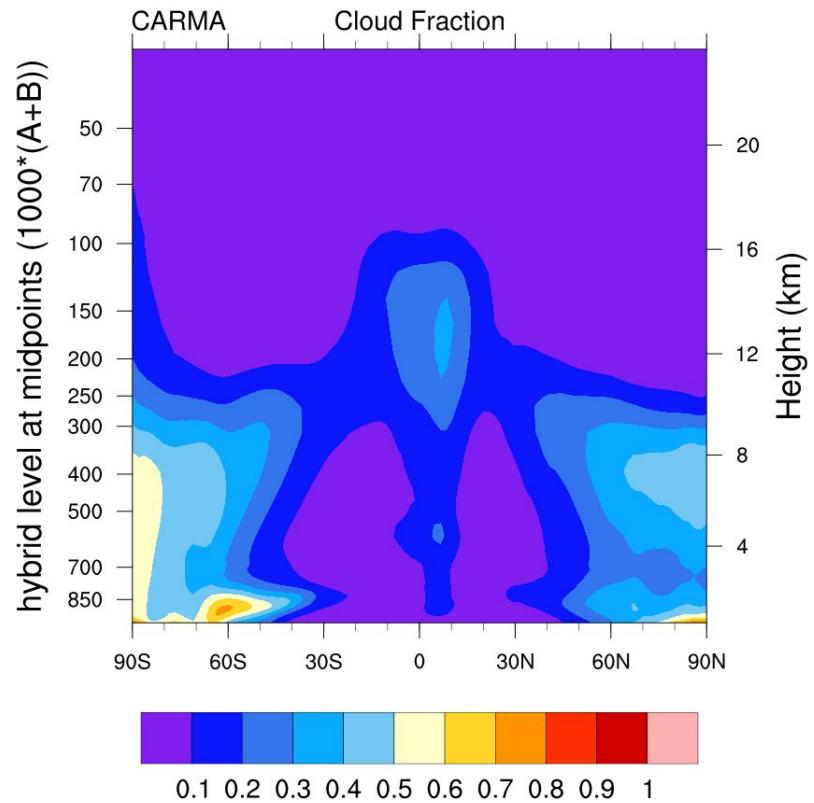
Cloud Ice Water

Content

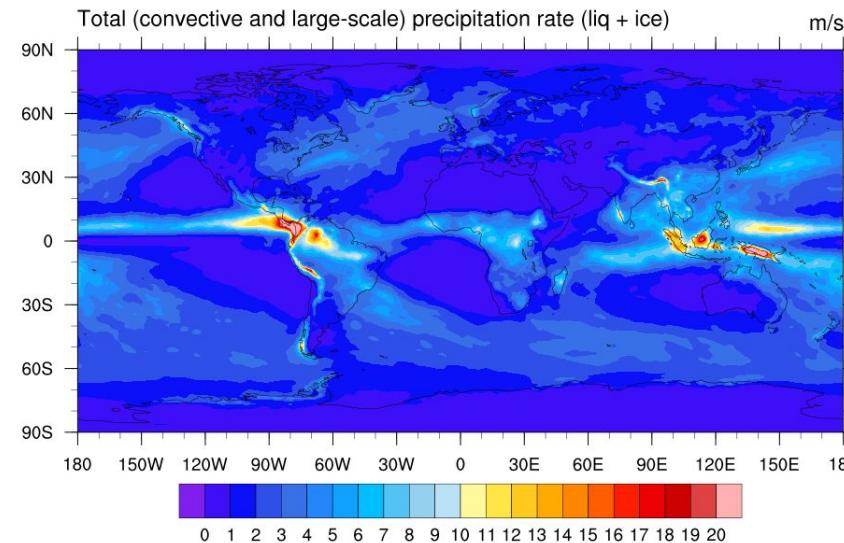
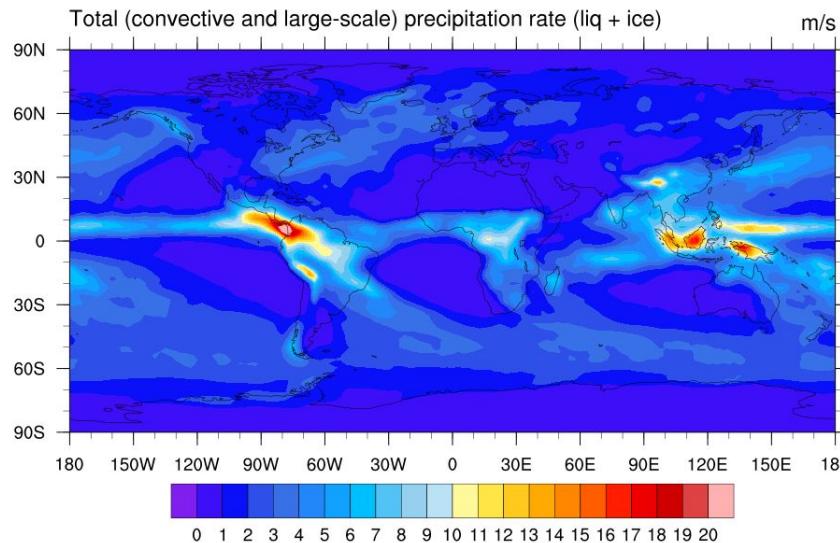


(Huang et al. 2015)

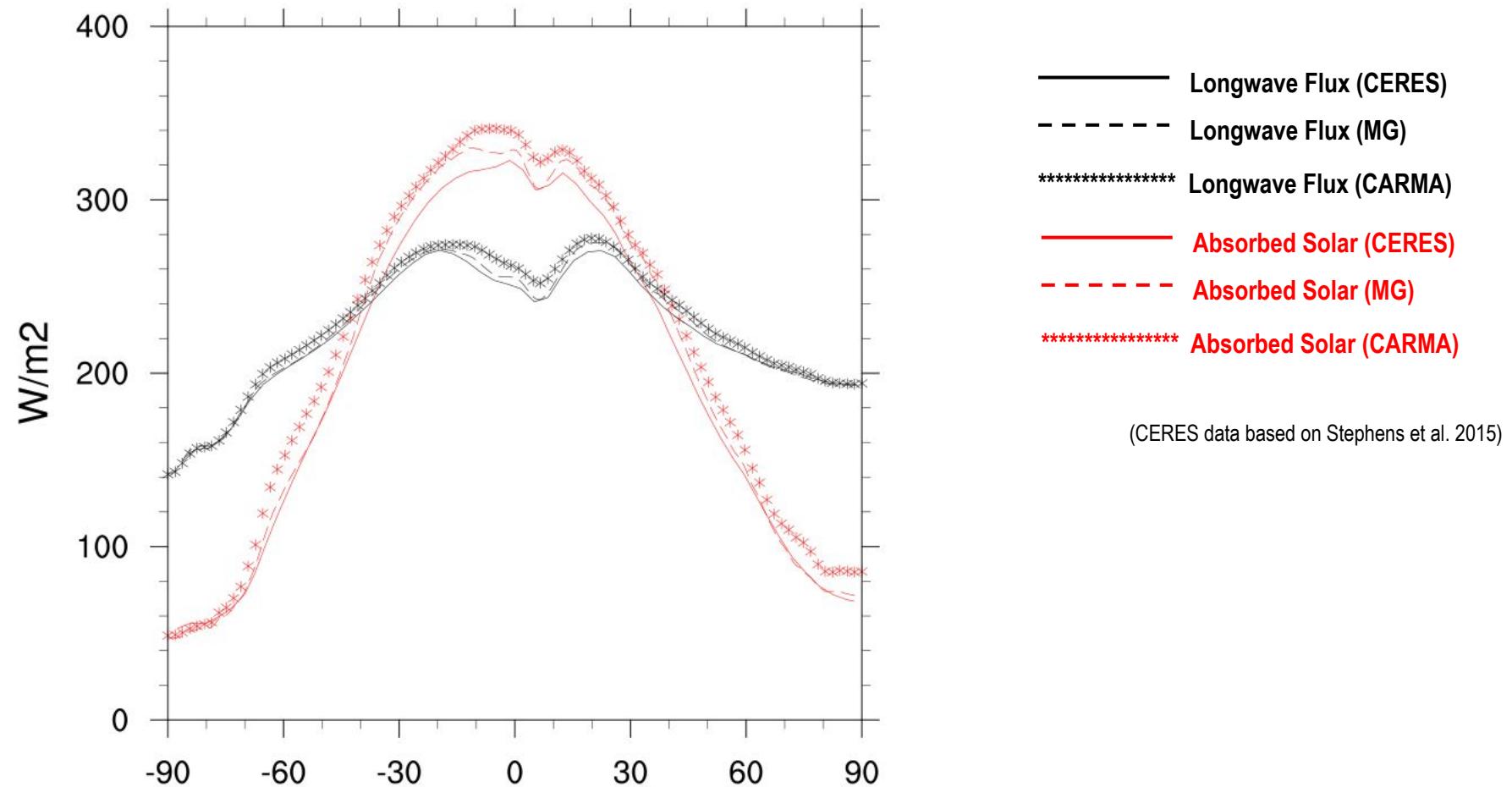
Cloud Fraction



Precipitati on



TOA Radiation



Conclusions & Ideas of Improvement

1. For liquid droplets, we have expanded the size range to drizzle and rain drop sizes. For cloud ice, the size range is expanded to snow. We solve the coagulation equation directly instead of using autoconversion.
2. For liquid droplets, we simulated large cloud droplets better compared to observation.
3. CARMA Cloud simulation is comparable to the MG simulation in terms of CWC, Cloud Fraction, and Precipitation.
4. CARMA Cloud model currently has a little too high TOA radiation fluxes. We are investigating the cause of this issue.