A flexible Bayesian approach for parameterization of warm microphysics

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BOSS is a framework to flexibly configure microphysics parameterizations via Bayesian inference.

Morrison et al. (2020a), van Lier-Walqui et al. (2020; in prep), Santos et al. (in prep)



Bayesian Observationally constrained Statistical-physical Scheme

logo: Matthew Kumjian / Marcus van Lier-Walqui











flexible structure

Development of BOSS in 3D models.



adapted from Tapio Schneider/Kyle Pressel/Momme Hell/Caltech + Pruppacher & Beard (1970)

Completed steps toward development of BOSS in 3D models.

\checkmark implement BOSS in LES

✓ CM1 (Kaitlyn Loftus, Hugh Morrison)

\checkmark implement BOSS in ESM

- ✓ CESM (Trude Eidhammer)
- ✓ E3SM (Po-Lun Ma, Hugh Morrison)

BOSS E3SM simulation with "standard" structure & parameters from 1D kinematic driver constraint.



**untuned, development version (~v4)*

adapted from Po-Lun Ma

Completed steps toward development of BOSS in 3D models.

\checkmark implement BOSS in LES

✓ CM1 (Kaitlyn Loftus, Hugh Morrison)

\checkmark implement BOSS in ESM

- ✓ CESM (Trude Eidhammer)
- ✓ E3SM (Po-Lun Ma, Hugh Morrison)

✓ implement machine learning-enabled Bayesian parameter inference (Kaitlyn Loftus, Marcus van-Lier Walqui)

We enable Bayesian parameter inference in expensive 3D models with machine learning.



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framework from Elsaesser, van Lier-Walqui et al. (in prep)



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Here, we constrain 16 BOSS parameters in LES with a more complex bin microphysics scheme.

- climate model: LES (CM1) Bryan & Fritsch (2002)
- parameterization: BOSS
 - 2 moment, cloud & rain categories
 - power laws for collision coalescence & sedimentation velocity, other processes follow P3 *Morrison & Milbrandt (2015)*
- parameters: 16 microphysics
- constraint source:

CM1 + TAU bin microphysics *Tzivion et al. (1987,1989), Feingold et al. (1988)*

- **setup:** marine stratocumulus (DYCOMS-II RF 2) *Ackerman et al. (2009)*
- key metrics: spatiotemporal avgs



- **uncertainties:** emulator uncertainty & dynamical variability
- ML emulator: ensemble of RPNs trained on BOSS + CM1 runs Osband et al. (2018), Bhouri et al. (2023)

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constrain 16 parameters of





LES CM1 *Bryan & Fritsch (2002)* bin microphysics TAU *Tzivion et al. (1987,1989), Feingold et al. (1988)*

Experiment 1: constraint with 6 different aerosol conditions.

- background aerosol varies
- 850 BOSS + CM1 runs to train emulator









Emulated BOSS metrics with prior parameter distribution (from process rate fitting) span but don't agree with the bin metrics.



500 prior parameter sets

Emulated BOSS metrics with posterior parameter distribution (from Bayesian inference) agree with bin metrics.*



* where structurally possible

500 posterior parameter sets



increasing background aerosol →



increasing background aerosol →



increasing background aerosol →







Experiment 2: constraint with 135 different environmental conditions.

- background aerosol + water & temperature profiles Vary Feingold et al. (2016), Glassmeier et al. (2019)
- 900 BOSS + CM1 runs to train emulator



Preliminary constraints across more diverse environmental conditions show promise.



135 environmental conditions × 31 constraining metrics × 1000 parameter sets

Preliminary constraints across more diverse environmental conditions show promise.



135 environmental conditions × 31 constraining metrics × 1000 parameter sets

BOSS is a flexible Bayesian approach for parameterizing (warm) microphysics.

- We are extending BOSS to 3D models (LES, ESM)
- ML-enabled Bayesian parameter inference is a quantitative method to
 - select parameters
 - characterize parametric uncertainty
 - distinguish parametric and structural error

in parameterizations

- We present examples of its successful implementation for a cloud microphysics parameterization in LES
 - 16 parameters constrained by bin microphysics scheme in same LES

